

Financial Statements and Supplementary Information

June 30, 2023

	<u>Page</u>
Independent Auditors' Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis - Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited)	4
Basic Financial Statements	
Government-Wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	14
Statement of Activities	15
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	16
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position	17
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	18
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	19
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - General Fund	20
Statement of Fund Net Position - Proprietary Funds	21
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position - Proprietary Funds	22
Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds	23
Notes to Financial Statements	24
Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited)	
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the PSERS Net Pension Liability	56
Schedule of the District's PSERS Pension Contributions	57
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the PSERS OPEB Liability	58
Schedule of the District's PSERS OPEB Contributions	59
Schedule of Changes in the District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios - District Plan	60

Table of Contents June 30, 2023

	<u>Page</u>
Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards	61
Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance	63
Supplementary Information	
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	66
Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	68
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	69



Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Directors of Williamsport Area School District

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Williamsport Area School District (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of District as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; and for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures
 include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial
 statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that
 raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable
 period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise District's basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* as listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 15, 2023 on our consideration of District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Williamsport, Pennsylvania December 15, 2023

Baker Tilly US, LLP

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) June 30, 2023

Our discussion and analysis of the Williamsport Area School District's (the District) financial performance provides an overview of the District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2023. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole. It should be read in conjunction with the basic financial statements to enhance understanding of the District's financial performance, which immediately follows this section.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for the fiscal year 2023 are as follows:

- State revenues are the main source of funding for the Williamsport Area School District. In 2022-2023, total General Fund state revenue increased 14.86%. The District received \$57,758,498 in state revenue during 2023 making up 51.26% of the total revenue. The District's contribution to the Public School Employees' Retirement System (PSERS) increased from 34.94% of salaries to 35.26% of salaries. While some of the state revenue increase was due to the state funding a portion of this changing rate, our expenditures for this program also increased. The PSERS rate is expected to decrease in 2023-24 to 34.00% and then increase to over 38% in future years.
- Real Estate Tax is the main source of local funding for the District. This revenue compromises 21.19% of total General Fund revenues and is one of the only revenue source over which the School Board has control. The tax revenue received from real estate taxes decreased from 2022 by \$792,118 or 0.3%, of which, approximately \$650,000 was offset by an increase in state revenues from the homestead/farmstead exclusion. The millage rate remained the same in 2023 as 2022 at 17.24 mills.
- Earned Income is taxed at 2.00%, of which the District receives 1.5% and the remaining 0.5% goes to the municipalities. The District recognized \$12,562,440 in earned income tax revenue in 2022-23 an increase of \$1,619,045 over the 2021-22 receipts.
- Federal revenue recorded in the General Fund increased from \$10,421,779 in 2021-22 to \$14,199,723 in 2022-23. Although federal revenues fluctuate from one year to the next, the largest portion of the increase in federal revenue is due to the receipt of additional American Rescue Plan Funding in the amount of approximately \$3,200,000 during 2023.
- The total revenues for the General Fund were \$112,673,968. This is an overall increase of \$13,408,840 over the prior year. The major reasons for these increases are described above.
- Expenditure levels in all governmental funds increased from the prior year \$93,580,258 to \$95,476,425. All of the District's functional expense categories increased during 2023 by \$1,896,167.
- Capital assets in the Governmental Activities have been reported at \$210,220,800 and accumulated depreciation of \$111,756,366 for a net capital asset value of \$98,464,434. The amount listed represents the historical costs of all sites, site improvements and furniture and equipment with a unit value of at least \$5,000.
- The General Fund's fund balance increased from \$26,803,735 to \$28,044,416. Of this amount, \$8,525,000 is set aside for various capital projects. It is also important to note that in anticipation of the increase in retirement contributions in subsequent fiscal years, the Board has proactively decided to designate fund balance to "level-out" the financial impact. The current amount committed to fund retirement is \$5,380,184. The District recognizes that with the uncertainty of the impact of COVID-19 on future District expenses such as technology, personal protective supplies, anticipated increases in cyber charter tuition that is it fiscal responsible to set aside funds for these potential expenses. Thus, the District has assigned \$1,000,000 of the fund balance for these expenses. Additional assignments include set asides for technology needs, and capital needs and equipment.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) June 30, 2023

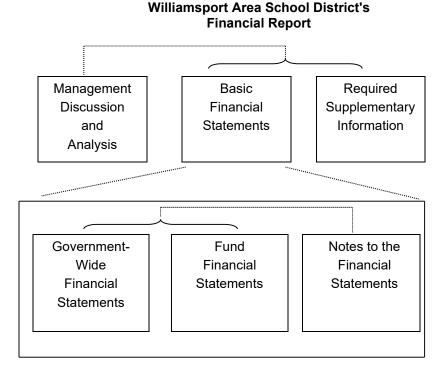
- The School District's governmental fund financial statements report a combined ending fund balance of \$76,423,033. The District has restricted fund balance of \$48,529,179, of which \$19,175,668 is restricted for future capital expenditures, \$29,123,754 is restricted for future debt service payments and \$229,757 is restricted for various program purposes.
- The District has six outstanding bond or note series, of which, two are Qualified School Construction Bonds (QSCBs). At the end of the fiscal year, the outstanding bond and note principal was \$92,629,000 with the final payment due in 2037-38.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Figure A-1 shows how the required parts of the Financial Section are arranged and relate to one another:

Figure A-1 Required Components of



Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) June 30, 2023

Figure A-2 summarizes the major features of the District's financial statements, including the portion of the District they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements.

Figure A-2
Major Features of Williamsport Area School District's
Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

		Fund Statements			
	Government-Wide Statements	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds		
Scope	Entire District (except fiduciary funds)	that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as education, administration and community services	Activities the District operates similar to private business, Food Services and where the District provides other services predominantly for itself, but also for outside entities, such as tax collection through its Internal Service Fund.		
Required financial statements	Statement of net position Statement of activities	Balance Sheet Statement of revenues, expenditures and change in fund balances	Statement of net position Statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position Statement of cash flows		
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus		
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, deferred outflows and deferred inflows, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter, as well as certain deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources; no capital assets included	All assets and liabilities, deferred outflows and deferred inflows, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term		
Type of inflow-outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid		

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) June 30, 2023

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business. The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as *net position*. The *statement of activities* presents all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the District's net position and how it has changed. Net position is one way to measure the District's financial health or position.

Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating, respectively. However, to assess the overall health of the District, you need to consider additional nonfinancial factors such as changes in the District's property tax base and the performance of the students. The government-wide financial statements of the District are divided into two categories:

- Governmental activities All of the District's basic services are included here, such as
 instruction, administration and community services. Property taxes and state and federal
 subsidies and grants finance most of these activities.
- Business-type activities The District operates a food service operation and charges fees to staff, students and visitors to help cover the costs of the food service operation.

Fund Financial Statements

The District's fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds, not the District as a whole. Some funds are required by state law and by bond requirements.

- Governmental Funds Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on the determination of financial position and change in financial position, not on income determination. They are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's operations and the services it provides. Governmental fund information helps the reader determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.
- Proprietary Funds These funds are used to account for the District activities that are similar to business operations in the private sector; or where the reporting is on determining net income, financial position, changes in financial position and a significant portion of funding through user charges. When the District charges customers for services it provides whether to outside customers or to other units in the District these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. The Food Service Fund is the District's proprietary fund and is the same as the business-type activities we report in the government-wide statements, but provide more detail and additional information such as cash flows.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) June 30, 2023

Financial Analysis of the District as a Whole

The District's total net position (deficit) was \$(53,200,873) at June 30, 2023.

Table A-1 June 30, 2023 and 2022 Net Position

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Type Activity		То		
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	Change
Current and other assets Capital assets Deferred outflow of	\$ 106,615,930 98,464,434	\$ 84,612,276 94,547,090	\$ 2,992,733 288,726	\$ 1,978,821 328,968	\$ 109,608,663 98,753,160	\$ 86,591,097 94,876,058	\$ 23,017,566 3,877,102
resources	23,166,706	24,965,123	467,663	512,726	23,634,369	25,477,849	(1,843,480)
Total assets and deferred outflow of resources	228,247,070	204,124,489	3,749,122	2,820,515	231,996,192	206,945,004	25,051,188
Current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities Deferred inflow of resources	29,744,010 232,254,425 16,080,847	25,564,796 224,251,773 24,231,849	86,815 2,724,440 385,367	204,628 2,659,064 743,960	29,830,825 234,978,865 16,466,214	25,769,424 226,910,837 24,975,809	4,061,401 8,068,028 (8,509,595)
Total liabilities and deferred inflow of resources	278,079,282	274,048,418	3,196,622	3,607,652	281,275,904	277,656,070	3,619,834
Net position Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	12,476,086 48,529,179 (110,837,477)	9,797,571 31,758,390 (111,479,890)	288,726 - 263,774	328,968 - (1,116,105)	12,764,812 48,529,179 (110,573,703)	10,126,539 31,758,390 (112,595,995)	2,638,273 16,770,789 2,022,292
Total net position	\$ (49,832,212)	\$ (69,923,929)	\$ 552,500	\$ (787,137)	\$ (49,279,712)	\$ (70,711,066)	\$ 21,431,354

Most of the District's net position is invested in capital assets (buildings, land and equipment). The remaining unrestricted net position (deficit) is composed of restricted and unrestricted amounts, net of the District's net pension liability pursuant to Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68.

For fiscal year 2015 and 2018, the District implemented GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions* and GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*, respectively. These standards were designed to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for pensions and other postemployment benefits. As required by GASB No. 68 and No. 75, a liability was recorded using the actuarial report provided by PSERS and the schedules of employer allocations provided in their audited financial statements. The estimated amount of the PSERS retirement liability recorded was \$123 million and \$116 million as of June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively. Refer to Note 13 for further details. The estimated amount of the other postemployment benefits liability recorded was \$18,056,715 and 26,683,781 as of June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

The results of this year's operations as a whole are reported in the Statement of Activities on page 15. All expenses are reported in the first column. Specific charges, grants, revenues and subsidies that directly relate to specific expense categories are represented to determine the final amount of the District's activities that are supported by other general revenues. The two largest general revenues are the Basic Education Subsidy provided by the State of Pennsylvania, and the local taxes assessed to community taxpayers.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) June 30, 2023

Table A-2 takes the information from that Statement, rearranges it slightly, so you can see our total revenues and expenses of both the Governmental Activities and the Business-Type Activity of the District.

Table A-2
Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022
Changes in Net Position

	Government	tal Activities	Business-Type Activity		To		
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	Change
Revenues							
Program revenues:							
Charges for							
services	\$ 2,127,828	\$ 2,464,655	\$ 142,386	\$ 129,338	\$ 2,270,214	\$ 2,593,993	\$ (323,779)
Operating grants and contributions	44 560 047	24 255 447	4 446 670	2 022 542	4E 707 647	20 107 060	7 540 657
Capital grants and	41,560,947	34,255,447	4,146,670	3,932,513	45,707,617	38,187,960	7,519,657
contributions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
General revenues:							
Property taxes	23,896,837	24,970,561	-	_	23,896,837	24,970,561	(1,073,724)
Other taxes	13,618,285	11,834,834	_	_	13,618,285	11,834,834	1,783,451
Grants, subsidies,	-,,	, ,			-,,	, ,	,, -
and contributions,							
unrestricted	31,851,543	27,991,368	-	-	31,851,543	27,991,368	3,860,175
Other	1,881,968	(2,598,452)	71,236	10,416	1,953,204	(2,588,036)	4,541,240
Total revenues	114,937,408	98,918,413	4,360,292	4,072,267	119,297,700	102,990,680	16,307,020
Expenses:							
Instruction	57,003,720	52,882,894	-	-	57,003,720	52,882,894	4,120,826
Instructional	5,000,404	4.750.400			5 000 404	4.750.400	000 700
student support Administrative and	5,368,194	4,759,426	-	-	5,368,194	4,759,426	608,768
financial support	11,704,496	11,835,111	_	_	11,704,496	11,835,111	(130,615)
Operation and	11,701,100	11,000,111			11,701,100	11,000,111	(100,010)
maintenance of							
plant	11,387,006	9,804,576	-	-	11,387,006	9,804,576	1,582,430
Pupil transportation	3,450,117	3,329,981	-	-	3,450,117	3,329,981	120,136
Student activities	1,426,754	1,298,024	-	-	1,426,754	1,298,024	128,730
Interest on long-							
term debt	4,460,010	4,086,720	-	-	4,460,010	4,086,720	373,290
Community services	45,394	41,601	_	_	45,394	41,601	3,793
Food services	40,004	41,001	3,020,655	2,749,919	3,020,655	2,749,919	270,736
1 000 00111000			3,020,033	2,749,919	3,020,033	2,749,919	270,730
Tatal average	04.045.004	00 000 000	0.000.055	0.740.040	07.000.040	00 700 050	7.070.004
Total expenses	94,845,691	88,038,333	3,020,655	2,749,919	97,866,346	90,788,252	7,078,094
Increase							
(decrease)							
in net							
position	\$ 20,091,717	\$ 10,880,080	\$ 1,339,637	\$ 1,322,348	\$ 21,431,354	\$ 12,202,428	\$ 9,228,926

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) June 30, 2023

Table A-3 shows the District's eight largest functions - instructional programs, instructional student support, administrative and financial support, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, student activities, community services, interest on long-term debt as well as each program's net cost (total cost less revenues generated by the activities). This table also shows the net costs offset by the other unrestricted grants, subsides and contributions to show the remaining financial needs supported by local taxes and other miscellaneous revenues.

Table A-3
Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022
Governmental Activities

	Total Cost	of Services	Net Cost (Inco	Changes in Net Cost of	
	2023	2022	2023	2022	Services
Functions/Programs:					
Instruction	\$ 57,003,720	\$ 52,882,894	\$ 23,314,829	\$ 25,268,252	\$ (1,953,423)
Instructional student support Administrative and financial	5,368,194	4,759,426	4,798,815	4,229,356	569,459
support Operation and maintenance	11,704,496	11,835,111	9,684,105	9,617,300	66,805
of plant	11,387,006	9,804,576	10,009,980	8,692,068	1,317,912
Pupil transportation	3,450,117	3,329,981	2,181,321	2,175,109	6,212
Student activities	1,426,754	1,298,024	1,172,332	1,046,319	126,013
Community services	45,394	41,601	45,394	41,601	3,793
Interest on long-term debt	4,460,010	4,086,720	(49,860)	248,226	(298,086)
Total governmental activities	\$ 94,845,691	\$ 88,038,333	51,156,916	51,318,231	(161,315)
Less unrestricted grants, subsidies			31,851,543	27,991,368	3,860,175
Total needs from local taxes and other revenues			\$ 19,305,373	\$ 23,326,863	\$ (4,021,490)

Table A-4 reflects the activities of the Food Service program, the only Business-Type activity of the District.

Table A-4
Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022
Business-Type Activity

	Total Cost of Services		Net Cost (Income) of Services					Changes in Net Cost of	
		2023	 2022		2023		2022	;	Services
Functions/Programs								_	
Food services	\$	3,020,655	\$ 2,749,919	\$	(1,268,401)	\$	(1,311,932)	\$	43,531
Plus investment earnings					(64,550)		(1,816)		(62,734)
Plus transfers					(6,686)	_	(8,600)		1,914
Total business-type									
activity				\$	(1,339,637)	\$	(1,322,348)	\$	(17,289)

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) June 30, 2023

The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position for the proprietary fund will further detail the actual results of operations. This program should be self-supporting. The net cost on these services increased by \$17,289 as a result of an increased number of meals served during 2023.

The District Funds

At June 30, 2023, the District's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$76,423,033 which is an increase of \$18,014,176.

The General Fund had a beginning fund balance of \$26,803,735 and an ending fund balance of \$28,044,416 at June 30, 2023. Revenues and other financing sources increased from \$99,265,128 to \$112,966,153. Expenditures and other financing uses increased from \$96,438,288 to \$111,725,472.

Table A-5 shows a comparison of General Fund expenditures from 2021-22 to 2022-23. Most functions increased due to an increase in salaries and retirement contributions.

Table A-5
General Fund Expenditure Comparison

		Expend	diture	es .			Percent	
Function		2023		2022		/ariance	Change	
Instruction	\$	60,417,844	\$	56,910,408	\$	3,507,436	6.16	%
Support services		30,518,762		27,874,451		2,644,311	9.49	%
Noninstructional services		1,434,598		1,237,711		196,887	15.91	%
Debt service		187,352		174,471		12,881	7.38	%
Capital outlay		2,917,869		1,779,603		1,138,266	63.96	%
	\$_	95,476,425	\$	87,976,644	\$	7,499,781	8.52	%

Support services also increased as a result of the ongoing building renovation and construction projects the District has been working on that has been charged to individual functions and not directly to capital outlay.

The District's General Fund revenues were \$112,673,968 in 2022-23, which were up 13.5% from the previous year. General Fund revenues for the District come from three categories. Local sources make up 36.14% of the total revenue, state sources make up 51.26% and federal sources are 12.60%. Most of the local revenue comes from tax levies set by School Code, fees, tuition and donations.

Table A-6 General Fund Revenue Comparison

Category	2023	2022	Variance	Percent Change
Local sources 6000	\$ 40,715,747	' ' '	\$ 2,157,342	5.59 %
State sources 7000 Federal sources 8000	57,758,498 14,199,723		7,473,554 3,777,944	14.86 % 36.25 %
Total	\$ 112,673,968	\$ 99,265,128	\$ 13,408,840	13.51 %

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) June 30, 2023

Local source revenues increased approximately \$2.1 million from 2022 to 2023 due to increasing earned income tax collections as the effects of COVID-19 are removed and due to the rising inflation costs and increases in wages for residents of the District's geography. In addition, interest income increased approximately \$1.1 million as a result of increased interest rates.

State source revenues increased approximately \$7.5 million from 2022 to 2023 as a result of additional basic education subsidy, level up supplemental funding and additional state property tax reduction subsidies received.

Federal source revenues increased approximately \$3.8 million from 2022 to 2023 as a result of increased spending of the District's ESSER funding for both program purposes, but also to provide additional funding for various building renovation and construction costs.

General Fund Budget

During the fiscal year, the Board of Directors authorizes revisions to the original budget to accommodate differences from the original budget to the actual expenditures of the District. All adjustments are again confirmed at the time the annual audit is accepted. A schedule showing the District's original and final budget amounts compared with amounts actually paid and received is provided on page 20.

The District applies for federal, state and local grants. These grants cannot always be anticipated in the budgeting process, which leads to variances between budget and actual results.

During the creation of the District's 2022-2023 budget, the District budgeted for local and state source revenues based on known factors. The variances stemmed from increased state funding and increases in earned income tax collections and the rising interest rate environment.

Operation and maintenance of plant service expenditures were approximately \$2.4 million less than budget as a result of certain building maintenance/improvement projects that were anticipated but did not get completed during the current year.

Facilities acquisition, construction, improvement expenditures were approximately \$1.5 million more than budget as a result of certain building construction and renovation costs occurring sooner than anticipated when the budget was prepared.

Transfers between specific categories of expenditures/financing uses occur during the year. The most significant transfers occur from the budgetary reserve category to specific expenditure areas.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At June 30, 2023, the District invested in a broad range of capital assets, including construction in progress, land, buildings and furniture and equipment. At June 30, 2023, the investment in capital assets, net of depreciation, was \$98,464,434, an increase of \$3,917,344. For details on the specific line-item changes, see Note 6.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) June 30, 2023

Table A-7 Governmental Activities Capital Assets

	2023	2022
Construction in progress and land	\$ 8,400,259	\$ 1,011,703
Site improvements	12,385,988	12,210,089
Buildings	153,177,388	152,982,881
Furniture, equipment, vehicles and right to use assets	36,257,165	35,047,898
Less accumulated depreciation	(111,756,366)	(106,705,481)
		·
Capital assets, net	\$ 98,464,434	\$ 94,547,090

Debt Administration

As of July 1, 2022, the District had total outstanding bond and note principal of \$83,904,000. The District issued new debt in the amount of \$9,275,000 and made principal payments of \$550,000 during the year, ending the year with outstanding bond and note principal of \$92,629,000 as of June 30, 2023.

Table A-8 Outstanding Debt

	 2023		2022	
General Obligation Debt:				
Series A of 2005 GON	\$ 100,000	\$	200,000	
Series of 2010 GON	32,750,000		32,750,000	
Series of 2011 GON	35,719,000		35,719,000	
Series of 2017 GOB	5,610,000		6,050,000	
Series of 2019 GOB	9,180,000		9,185,000	
Series of 2022 GOB	9,270,000		-	
	\$ 92,629,000	\$	83,904,000	

Other obligations include leases, accrued vacation pay and sick leave for specific employees of the District, as well as other post-employment and pension obligations. More detailed information about our long-term liabilities is included in Notes 7 through 13 to the financial statements.

S&P Global Ratings assigned its 'A' long-term rating to Williamsport Area School District's series 2019 general obligation (GO) bonds and affirmed its 'A' underlying rating (SPUR) on the District's existing GO debt. The outlook is stable. Additional security is also provided for the bonds by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Act 150 School District Intercept Program. The Act provides for undistributed state aid to be diverted to bond holders in the event of default.

Contacting the District Financial Management

Our financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, parents, students, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the Board's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report, or wish to request additional financial information, please contact Wanda Erb, Business Administrator/Board Secretary at Williamsport Area School District, 2780 W. Fourth Street, Williamsport, Pennsylvania 17701, (570) 327-5500.

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

	Business- Governmental Type Activities Activity		Total	Component
	Activities	Activity	Total	Unit
Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Current Assets Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$ 7,532,979 63,423,100	\$ 354,389 2,529,791	\$ 7,887,368 65,952,891	\$ 358,982 2,129,878
Taxes receivable, net Due from other governments Other receivables	3,130,326 11,016,163 929,776	84,780 -	3,130,326 11,100,943 929,776	- - 941
Internal balances Inventories	559 304,348	(559) 24,332	328,680	
Total current assets	86,337,251	2,992,733	89,329,984	2,489,801
Capital Assets	98,464,434	288,726	98,753,160	-
Assets Held for Capital Projects	20,278,679		20,278,679	
Total assets	205,080,364	3,281,459	208,361,823	2,489,801
Deferred Outflows of Resources Unamortized refunding charges	171,075	-	171,075	-
Pension Other postemployment benefits (OPEB)	18,339,119 4,656,512	363,085 104,578	18,702,204 4,761,090	-
Total deferred outflows of resources	23,166,706	467.663	23,634,369	
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 228,247,070	\$ 3,749,122	\$ 231,996,192	\$ 2,489,801
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position (Deficit)	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		
Liabilities				
Current liabilities:	A 0.405.050		A 0.504.507	•
Accounts payable Construction contracts payable and retainage	\$ 2,465,253 3,651,620	\$ 36,314	\$ 2,501,567 3,651,620	\$ -
Current maturities of bonds and notes payable	565,000	-	565,000	-
Current maturities of lease obligations	71,405	-	71,405	-
Accrued salaries and benefits Accrued interest payable	12,877,326 1,434,931	27,875	12,905,201 1,434,931	-
Due to other governments	5,596,664	5,843	5,602,507	-
Unearned revenue	105,204	· -	105,204	-
Other current liabilities	2,976,607	16,783	2,993,390	
Total current liabilities	29,744,010	86,815	29,830,825	-
Bonds and Notes Payable	92,935,401	-	92,935,401	-
Compensated Absences	347,597	14,454	362,051	-
Lease Obligations	73,698	-	73,698	-
Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)	17,860,900	195,815	18,056,715	-
Net Pension Liability	121,036,829	2,514,171	123,551,000	
Total liabilities	261,998,435	2,811,255	264,809,690	
Deferred Inflows of Resources Pension	5,475,736	283,250	5,758,986	_
Other postemployment benefits (OPEB)	10,605,111	102,117	10,707,228	
Total deferred inflows of resources	16,080,847	385,367	16,466,214	
Net Position (Deficit) Net investment in capital assets	12,476,086	288,726	12,764,812	-
Restricted	48,529,179	-	48,529,179	941
Unrestricted	(110,837,477)	263,774	(110,573,703)	2,488,860
Total net position (deficit)	(49,832,212)	552,500	(49,279,712)	2,489,801
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position (deficit)	\$ 228,247,070	\$ 3,749,122	\$ 231,996,192	\$ 2,489,801

Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2023

Net (Expense) Revenue and Change in Net Position **Program Revenues Business-**Charges Operating Capital **Grants and Grants and** for Governmental Type Component **Expenses** Services Contributions Contributions Activities Activity Total Unit **Governmental Activities** Instruction (57,003,720) 1,067,555 32,621,336 (23,314,829)\$ (23,314,829) Administrative and financial support services 944,085 (11,704,496)1.076.306 (9.684.105)(9,684,105)Operation and maintenance of plant services (11,387,006)1,377,026 (10,009,980)(10,009,980)Instructional student support (5,368,194)569.379 (4,798,815)(4,798,815)Pupil transportation 1,268,796 (3,450,117)(2,181,321)(2,181,321)Student activities (1,426,754)116,188 138,234 (1,172,332)(1,172,332)Community services (45,394)(45,394)(45,394)Interest on long-term debt (4,460,010) 4,509,870 49,860 49,860 Total governmental activities (94,845,691) 2,127,828 41,560,947 (51, 156, 916)(51, 156, 916)**Business-Type Activity** Food service (3.020,655)142,386 4,146,670 1,268,401 1,268,401 Total, primary government 2,270,214 45,707,617 (51,156,916)1,268,401 (49,888,515)**Component Unit** Williamsport Area School District **Education Foundation** 364,964 \$ 63,663 **General Revenues** Grants, subsidies and contributions not restricted 31.851.543 31,851,543 Property taxes levied for general purposes, net 23,896,837 23,896,837 Other taxes levied 13,618,285 13,618,285 Gain on the disposal of capital assets 17.028 17,028 Miscellaneous income 103,642 103,642 **Transfers** (6.686)6,686 Investment earnings 1,767,984 64,550 1,832,534 191,826 Total general revenues 71,248,633 71,236 71,319,869 191,826 Change in net position 20.091.717 1.339.637 21,431,354 255.489 Net Position (Deficit), Beginning (69,923,929)(787, 137)(70,711,066)2,234,312 Net Position (Deficit), Ending \$ (49,832,212) 552,500 \$ (49,279,712)2,489,801

Williamsport Area School District
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

	Major Funds			Student						
				Debt		Capital	,	Activity		
		General		Service		Projects	(No	onmajor)		Totals
Assets										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,543,550	\$	13,355	\$	_	\$	77,562	\$	1,634,467
Investments	Ψ.	32,268,043	Ψ	29,110,399	Ψ	_	•		*	61,378,442
Assets held for capital projects		-		-		20,278,679		_		20,278,679
Taxes receivable		3,130,326		_		· · ·		_		3,130,326
Due from other funds		58,555		-		-		1,659		60,214
Due from other governments		9,960,401		-		-		· -		9,960,401
Other receivables		504,153		-		-		-		504,153
Inventories		304,348			_					304,348
Total assets	\$	47,769,376	\$	29,123,754	\$	20,278,679	\$	79,221	\$	97,251,030
Liabilities and Fund Balances										
Liabilities										
Accounts payable	\$	2,464,948	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	2,464,948
Construction contracts payable and retainage		2,548,609		_		1,103,011		_		3,651,620
Due to other funds		1,659		_		· · ·		26		1,685
Accrued salaries and benefits		12,819,933		-		-		_		12,819,933
Unearned revenue		105,204		-		-		-		105,204
Other current liabilities		26,045								26,045
Total liabilities		17,966,398				1,103,011		26		19,069,435
Deferred Inflows of Resources										
Unearned revenue, taxes		1,758,562								1,758,562
Fund Balances										
Nonspendable		304,348		_		_		_		304,348
Restricted		150,562		29,123,754		19,175,668		79,195		48,529,179
Committed		5,405,184		-		-		-		5,405,184
Assigned		14,275,000		-		-		-		14,275,000
Unassigned		7,909,322								7,909,322
Total fund balances		28,044,416		29,123,754		19,175,668		79,195		76,423,033
Total liabilities, deferred										
inflows of resources										
and fund balances	\$	47,769,376	\$	29,123,754	\$	20,278,679	\$	79,221	\$	97,251,030

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

Total Fund Balances, Governmental Funds	\$ 76,423,033

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported as assets in governmental funds. The cost of assets is \$210,220,800 and the accumulated depreciation is \$111,756,366.

98,464,434

Property taxes receivable will be collected this year, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures, and therefore, are deferred in the funds.

1,758,562

Deferred outflows, are not reported in the governmental funds, however are reported in the statement of net position.

23,166,706

Deferred inflows, are not reported in the governmental funds, however are reported in the statement of net position.

(16,080,847)

Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period, and therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Long-term liabilities at year-end consist of:

Bonds and notes payable, net (93,500,401)
Lease obligations (145,103)
Accrued interest on bonds and notes payable (1,434,931)
Compensated absences (347,597)
Net pension liability (121,036,829)
Other postemployment benefits (17,860,900)

(234, 325, 761)

Additional federal rental subsidy receivable related to interest on Qualified School Construction Bonds.

1,044,600

Internal service funds are used by management to account for the operations of its Tax Office Fund. The residual assets and liabilities of these funds are included in the statement of net position (exclusive of the book value of these funds' capital assets, compensated absences, net pension liability, deferred inflows of resources and deferred outflows of resources which are included in the reconciling items above).

(282,939)

Total Net Position, Governmental Activities

\$ (49,832,212)

Williamsport Area School District
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds
Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Major Funds		Student	
	Camaral	Debt	Capital	Activity	Totala
	General	Service	Projects	(Nonmajor)	Totals
Revenues					
Local sources:					
Real estate taxes	\$ 23,874,814	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 23,874,814
Other taxes	13,618,285	=	-	-	13,618,285
Other revenue	1,505,839	-	-	49,233	1,555,072
Tuition	536,581	- (000.000)	-	-	536,581
Earnings (losses) on investments	1,180,228	(296,909)	781,668	102	1,665,089
Total local sources	40,715,747	(296,909)	781,668	49,335	41,249,841
State sources	57,758,498	-	_	667	57,759,165
Federal sources	14,199,723				14,199,723
Total revenues	112,673,968	(296,909)	781,668	50,002	113,208,729
Expenditures					
Instruction	60,417,844	-	-	-	60,417,844
Support services	30,518,762	-	-	-	30,518,762
Noninstructional services	1,434,598	=	-	32,348	1,466,946
Debt service	187,352	4,663,821	-	-	4,851,173
Bond issuance costs	-	141,832		-	141,832
Capital outlay	2,917,869	-	4,727,976		7,645,845
Total expenditures	95,476,425	4,805,653	4,727,976	32,348	105,042,402
Excess (deficiency) of					
revenues over expenditures					
before other financing					
sources (uses)	17,197,543	(5,102,562)	(3,946,308)	17,654	8,166,327
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers in	-	8,742,361	16,823,518	-	25,565,879
Proceeds from issuance of long term debt	-	9,275,000	-	-	9,275,000
Premium from issuance of long term debt	-	287,350	-	-	287,350
Proceeds from sale of assets	40,106	-	-	-	40,106
Proceeds from insurance recovery	96,943	-	-	-	96,943
Refund of prior year expenditures Transfers out	155,136 (16,249,047)	(9,323,518)	-	-	155,136 (25,572,565)
Transiers out	(10,249,047)	(9,323,316)			(25,572,565)
Total other financing					
(uses) sources, net	(15,956,862)	8,981,193	16,823,518		9,847,849
Net changes in fund balance	1,240,681	3,878,631	12,877,210	17,654	18,014,176
Fund Balances, Beginning	26,803,735	25,245,123	6,298,458	61,541	58,408,857
Fund Balances, Ending	\$ 28,044,416	\$ 29,123,754	\$ 19,175,668	\$ 79,195	\$ 76,423,033

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

Year Ended June 30, 2023

Total Net Change in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds

\$ 18,014,176

3 944 239

22.023

(8,913,092)

(116, 263)

6,914,567

49,587

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeds depreciation in the period (this information relates only to governmental fund activity - capital activity related to the District's Internal Service Funds would need to be included in order to reconcile this data to the capital asset note disclosure on page 36):

Capital outlays 10,085,679
Depreciation expense (6,141,440)

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported as assets in the governmental funds. Thus upon the sale of a capital asset, the governmental fund records revenue for the gross proceeds of sale, while the statement of activities records an adjustment to the gain (loss) on disposal. This is the difference between the proceeds from sale and the gain on disposal.

ence between the proceeds from sale and the gain on disposal. (23,078)

Because some property taxes will not be collected for several months after the District's fiscal year ends, they are not considered available revenues in the governmental funds. Unearned tax revenues decreased by this amount this year.

The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and prepaid insurance when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the following transactions factor into this reconciliation:

Issuance of bonds payable(9,275,000)Retirement of principal of bonds payable550,000Original issue premium(287,350)Unamortized refunding charges(17,107)Amortization of premium and unamortized refunding charges, net64,819Repayment of principal, lease obligations51,546

Interest on long-term debt in the statement of activities differs from the amount reported in the governmental funds because interest is recognized as an expenditure in the funds when it is due, and thus requires the use of current financial resources. In the statement of activities, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due. The additional amount due over the interest accrued in the statement of activities is shown here, net of federal subsidy for Qualified School Construction Bonds

In the statement of activities, certain operating expenses, including compensated absences (vacations and sick days) are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used. This amount represents the difference between the amount earned versus the amount used.

16,741

Other postemployment benefits payable are considered long-term in nature, and are not reported as liabilities within the funds. Such liabilities are, however, reported within the statement of net position, and changes in these liabilities are reflected within the statement of activities. This amount represents the change in other postemployment benefits payable and deferred outflows and inflows related to other postemployment benefits payable.

other postemployment benefits payable. 182,817

Net pension liability is considered long-term in nature, and is not reported as a liability within the governmental funds. Such liability is, however, reported within the statement of net position, and changes in the liability is reflected within the statement of net position. This represents the change in pension liability and the deferred outflows and inflows related to the pension.

Internal service funds are used by management to account for the operations in its Tax Office Fund. The change in net position of those activities is included within the District's governmental activities.

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities \$ 20,091,717

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues				
Local sources	\$ 38,011,829	\$ 38,011,829	\$ 40,715,747	\$ 2,703,918
State sources	52,132,645	52,132,645	57,758,498	5,625,853
Federal sources	14,455,297	14,455,297	14,199,723	(255,574)
				<u> </u>
Total revenues	104,599,771	104,599,771	112,673,968	8,074,197
Expenditures				
Regular programs	41,077,770	41,001,225	40,702,458	298,767
Special programs	16,487,741	16,612,741	16,469,992	142,749
Vocational programs	2,516,957	2,516,957	2,361,065	155,892
Other instructional programs	1,138,087	1,086,987	845,914	241,073
Nonpublic school programs	46,570	46,570	38,415	8,155
Pupil personnel services	3,270,651	3,271,646	3,621,081	(349,435)
Instructional staff services	2,259,920	2,259,920	2,284,078	(24,158)
Administrative services	6,257,454	6,254,459	5,899,122	355,337
Pupil health	1,492,229	1,492,229	1,534,656	(42,427)
Business services	1,142,091	1,142,586	1,070,319	72,267
Operation and maintenance of plant services	12,397,642	12,397,642	10,005,392	2,392,250
Student transportation services	3,299,727	3,299,727	3,445,597	(145,870)
Central and other support services	2,703,681	2,703,681	2,658,517	45,164
Student activities	1,519,137	1,527,287	1,389,204	138,083
Community services	22,800	22,800	45,394	(22,594)
Facilities acquisition, construction,				, ,
improvements	1,372,569	1,372,569	2,917,869	(1,545,300)
Debt service	121,377	121,377	187,352	(65,975)
Total expenditures	97,126,403	97,130,403	95,476,425	1,653,978
Excess of revenues over expenditures before other financing sources (uses)	7,473,368	7,469,368	17,197,543	9,728,175
before other infancing sources (uses)	7,473,300	7,409,300	17,197,343	9,720,173
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Proceeds from extended term financing	300,000	300,000	-	(300,000)
Proceeds from the sale of assets	-	-	40,106	40,106
Proceeds from insurance recovery	-	-	96,943	96,943
Budgetary reserve	(400,000)	(400,000)	-	400,000
Refund of prior year expenditures	-	-	155,136	155,136
Transfers out	(9,013,494)	(9,009,494)	(16,249,047)	(7,239,553)
Total other financing uses, net	(9,113,494)	(9,109,494)	(15,956,862)	(6,847,368)
Net changes in fund balances	(1,640,126)	(1,640,126)	1,240,681	2,880,807
Fund Balances, Beginning	21,011,686	21,011,686	26,803,735	5,792,049
Fund Balances, Ending	\$ 19,371,560	\$ 19,371,560	\$ 28,044,416	\$ 8,672,856

	Bus	siness-Type Activity Food Service		Activities Internal Service
Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Current Assets Cash and cash equivalents Investments Due from other governments Other receivables Inventories	\$	354,389 2,529,791 84,780 - 24,332	\$	5,898,512 2,044,658 11,162 425,623
Total current assets		2,993,292		8,379,955
Capital Assets Equipment Accumulated depreciation		2,151,361 (1,862,635)		302,089 (297,664)
Capital assets, net		288,726		4,425
Total assets		3,282,018		8,384,380
Deferred Outflows of Resources Pension Other postemployment benefits (OPEB)		363,085 104,578		259,853 66,538
Total deferred outflows of resources		467,663		326,391
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$	3,749,681	\$	8,710,771
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position (Deficit)				
Liabilities Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable Due to other funds Due to other governments Undistributed taxes Accrued salaries and benefits Unallocated taxes Other current liabilities	\$	36,314 559 5,843 - 27,875 - 16,783	\$	305 57,970 - 5,596,664 57,393 2,950,562
Total current liabilities		87,374		8,662,894
Noncurrent liabilities: Compensated absences Other postemployment benefits (OPEB) Net pension liability Total noncurrent liabilities		14,454 195,815 2,514,171 2,724,440	_	7,482 255,641 1,728,887 1,992,010
Total liabilities		2,811,814	-	10,654,904
Pension Other postemployment benefits (OPEB)		283,250 102,117		144,342 196,988
Total deferred inflows of resources		385,367		341,330
Net Position (Deficit) Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted		288,726 263,774		4,425 (2,289,888)
Total net position (deficit)		552,500		(2,285,463)
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position (deficit)	\$	3,749,681	\$	8,710,771

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position - Proprietary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Business-Type Activity			Governmental Activities		
		Food Service		Internal Service		
Operating Revenues						
Food service revenue	\$	142,386	\$	-		
Charges for services		-		764,907		
Other operating revenue				150,956		
Total operating revenues		142,386		915,863		
Operating Expenses						
Salaries		858,300		605,290		
Employee benefits		294,710		347,427		
Other purchased services		4,138		95,752		
Purchased property services		53,638		69,375		
Purchased professional and technical services		1,518,038		11,550		
Dues and fees		750		4,089		
Supplies		244,152		5,178		
Depreciation		40,242		3,817		
Other operating expenses		6,687				
Total operating expenses		3,020,655		1,142,478		
Operating loss		(2,878,269)		(226,615)		
Nonoperating Revenues						
Federal sources		3,791,214		-		
State sources		355,456		173,310		
Earnings on investments		64,550		102,892		
Total nonoperating revenues		4,211,220		276,202		
Net income before transfers		1,332,951		49,587		
Transfers		6,686				
Changes in net position		1,339,637		49,587		
Net Position, Beginning		(787,137)		(2,335,050)		
Net Position, Ending	\$	552,500	\$	(2,285,463)		

	Business-Type Activity			Governmental Activities		
		Food Service		Internal Service		
Cash Flows From Operating Activities						
Cash received from users	\$	261,159	\$	903,032		
Cash payments to employees for services		(1,687,234)		(1,057,002)		
Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services		(1,397,410)		(189,622)		
Internal activity, payments to other funds Taxes collected on behalf of other governments		32		- 57 050 577		
Taxes collected on behalf of other governments Taxes remitted/refunds paid to other governments/taxpayers		<u> </u>		57,858,577 (57,070,022)		
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities		(2,823,453)		444,963		
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities						
Federal sources		3,649,899		-		
State sources		360,048		172,324		
Operating transfers	-	6,686				
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities		4,016,633		172,324		
Cash Flows From Investing Activities						
Purchases of investments		(1,117,954)		(73,978)		
Earnings on investments		64,550		102,892		
Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities		(1,053,404)		28,914		
Change in cash and cash equivalents		139,776		646,201		
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning		214,613		5,252,311		
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Ending	\$	354,389	\$	5,898,512		
Supplemental Disclosure of Noncash Transactions						
USDA donated commodities	\$	158,277	\$	-		
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash						
(Used in) Provided by Operating Activities						
Operating loss	\$	(2,878,269)	\$	(226,615)		
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash						
(used in) provided by operating activities: Depreciation expense		40,242		3,817		
Pension changes		(240,122)		(111,497)		
OPEB changes		(10,742)		2,304		
USDA donated commodities used		158,277		· -		
Change in assets, deferred outflow of resources,						
liabilities and deferred inflow of resources:						
Receivables, net		192,235		(17,356)		
Due to other funds, net		13,551		4,525		
Inventories		16,478		-		
Accounts payable		(1,496)		(3,678)		
Accrued expenses		(27,146)		4,756		
Unearned revenues		(73,019)		-		
Due to other governments		(13,962)		-		
Undistributed taxes		-		1,044,764		
Unallocated taxes Other current liabilities		- 520		(256,209) 152		
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities	\$	(2,823,453)	\$	444,963		
		<u> </u>	_			

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

1. Nature of Operations and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the Williamsport Area School District (the District) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to local governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standards-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant accounting policies of the District are described below.

Nature of Operations

The District is located in north-central Pennsylvania along the West Branch of the Susquehanna River, and includes six municipalities in Lycoming County. The District covers an area of approximately 98 square miles and serves a population of approximately 45,000 in the City of Williamsport and Hepburn, Lewis, Lycoming, Old Lycoming and Woodward Townships. Approximately 70% of the District population and 62% of the taxable real property are in the City of Williamsport.

The District assesses the taxpayers of these municipalities based upon taxing powers at its disposal. The ability of the District's taxpayers to pay their assessments is dependent upon economic and other factors affecting the taxpayers.

Reporting Entity

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, as amended, the District has determined that the Williamsport Area School District Education Foundation (the Foundation) should be included in the District's financial statements as a discretely presented component unit, as: the Foundation is a legally separate entity; the District appoints a voting majority of the Foundation's Board of Directors, and; the District is able to significantly influence the programs, projects and activities of the Foundation.

The Foundation is a not-for-profit organization formed to provide support for District schools, its students and faculty, and to promote, sponsor and carry out educational objectives within the District's schools. The Foundation receives contributions from individuals and businesses located mainly in Lycoming County, Pennsylvania.

The financial activity of the Foundation is presented as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. During the year ended June 30, 2023, the Foundation distributed approximately \$181,000 in scholarships and awards to District students, fitness and musical equipment for District schools and mini-grants to District teachers.

Separate financial statements are not issued by the Foundation.

Basis of Presentation, Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These financial statements report financial information for the District as a whole, on a full accrual, economic resource basis. Individual funds are not displayed but the statements distinguish governmental activities, generally supported by taxes and District general revenues, from business-type activities, generally financed in whole or in part with fees charged to customers. The District's General, Capital Projects, Debt Service and Student Activity funds are classified as governmental activities. The District's Food Service Fund is classified as a business-type activity. In addition, the District maintains an internal service fund, the Municipal and School Income Tax Office (the Tax Office). Pursuant to GASB 34, paragraph 62, the District reports internal service fund asset and liability balances that are not eliminated in the statement of net position within the governmental activities column, as the activities reported within these internal service funds are more governmental than business-type in nature and the District is the predominant participant in the internal service fund.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

The statement of activities reports the expenses of a given function or program offset by program revenues directly connected with that function or program. A function is an assembly of similar activities and may include portions of a fund or summarize more than one fund to capture the expenses and program revenues associated with a distinct functional activity. Program revenues include (1) charges for services to users of the District's services, (2) operating grants and contributions that finance annual operating activities and (3) capital grants and contributions that fund the acquisition, construction or rehabilitation of capital assets. These revenues are subject to externally imposed restrictions to these program uses. Taxes and other revenue sources not properly included with program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Basis of Presentation, Fund Financial Statements

The accounts of the District are organized on the basis of funds, each of which constitutes a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for within a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprises its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund balances, revenues and expenditures/expenses. Resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purpose for which they are to be spent. The District uses the following fund types:

Governmental Fund Types

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions of the District are financed. The acquisition, use and balances of the District's expendable financial resources and the related liabilities are accounted for through governmental funds. The following is a description of the governmental funds of the District:

General Fund

The General Fund accounts for the general operations of the District and all financial transactions not accounted for in another fund. The General Fund is always a major fund.

Debt Service Fund

The Debt Service Fund accounts for resources accumulated for the purpose of funding general long-term debt obligations. The Debt Service Fund is a major fund.

Capital Projects Fund

The Capital Projects Fund accounts for receipt and disbursement of resources for the purpose of building or buying major capital assets. The Capital Projects Fund is a major fund.

Student Activity Fund

The Student Activity Fund accounts for the operations of the various student activity programs. The Student Activity Fund is a nonmajor fund.

Proprietary Fund Types

Proprietary Funds are used to account for activities that are similar to those often found in the private sector. The measurement focus is upon determination of net income and capital maintenance. Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

The following is a description of the proprietary funds of the District:

Food Service Fund (Enterprise Fund Type)

The Food Service Fund accounts for the operations of the District's food service operations. Operating revenues consist of charges for food served. Operating expenses consist mainly of food and food preparation costs, supplies and other direct costs. All other revenues and expenses are reported as nonoperating. The Food Service Fund is a major fund.

Tax Office (Internal Service Fund)

The Tax Office collects and administers earned income tax on behalf of the Williamsport Area School District, the City of Williamsport and various boroughs, townships and school districts within Lycoming County. Deficiencies of revenues over expenses are financed through operating subsidies from participating governments. Operating revenues consist mainly of subsidies provided by participating governments. Operating expenses consist primarily of the salaries, wages and benefits of Tax Office employees, other purchased services and depreciation.

Measurement Focus

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of the District are included on the statement of net position. The statement of activities presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in the District's net position.

Fund Financial Statements

Governmental funds are accounted for using the current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets, deferred outflows of resources, current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources generally are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

Proprietary funds are also accounted for using the economic resources measurement focus.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to the point at which revenues or expenditures/expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. It relates to the timing of the measurements made regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Accrual Basis

Government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. For exchange transactions, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred (i.e., when each party gives and receives essentially equal value when the exchange takes place). For nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, tax revenues are recognized in the year levied while grant revenue, entitlements and appropriations are recognized when grantor eligibility requirements are met.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

Modified Accrual Basis

Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they become both measurable and available). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay the liabilities of the current period. The District considers property and other taxes as available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. A one-year availability period is used for revenue recognition for all other governmental fund revenues. Expenditures, other than principal and interest on bonds payable, compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. Principal and interest on bonds payable, compensated absences and claims and judgments are recorded as fund liabilities when due and unpaid.

The District reports unearned revenue on its fund financial statements. Unearned revenue arises when potential revenues do not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period. Unearned revenues may also arise when the District receives resources before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the District has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed and revenue is recognized.

Allocation of Indirect Expenses

The District allocates certain building-related costs to the proprietary fund. It does not allocate any other indirect costs, with the exception of depreciation expense.

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

An operating budget is adopted each year for the General Fund on a modified accrual basis of accounting.

The Pennsylvania School Code dictates specific procedures relative to adoption of the District's budget and reporting of its financial statements, specifically:

- The District, before levying annual school taxes, is required to prepare an operating budget for the succeeding fiscal year.
- The District is required to have the budget printed, or otherwise made available for public inspection at least twenty (20) days prior to the date set for the adoption of the budget. Final action may not be taken on any proposed budget in which the estimated expenditures exceed two thousand dollars \$(2,000), until after ten (10) days public notice.
- The Board may make transfers of funds appropriated to any particular item of expenditure by legislative action during the last nine months of the fiscal year. An affirmative vote of a majority of all members of the Board is required.
- Fund balances in budgetary funds may be appropriated based on resolutions passed by the Board, which authorize the District to make expenditures. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal period. In order to preserve a portion of an appropriation for which expenditure has been committed by a purchase order, contract or other form of commitment, an encumbrance is recorded. Encumbrances outstanding at year's end are reported as assignments of fund balance.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

- Included in the General Fund budget are program budgets as prescribed by the state and federal agencies funding these programs. These budgets are approved on a program-by-program basis by the state or federal funding agency.
- Capital budgets are implemented for capital improvements and capital projects in the Capital Projects Fund. All transactions of the Capital Projects Fund are approved by the Board prior to commitment thereby constructively achieving budgetary control.
- An Enterprise Fund budget is not adopted; however, a formal budget is prepared and approved by management and expenditures are controlled on the basis of this budget.

Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of funds are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in governmental funds. Encumbrances at year-end are reported as assignments of fund balance since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities but serve as authorization for expenditures in the subsequent year.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and cash management liquid asset funds that are carried at cost. The District considers all investments purchased with an original maturity of three months or less (excluding certain short-term instruments which are classified as investments) to be cash equivalents.

Investments

Primary Government

Marketable securities are stated at their fair values. Adjustments to reflect increases or decreases in fair value, referred to as unrealized gains and losses, are reported as investment income. The District considers its deposits with the Pennsylvania Local Government Investment Trust (PLGIT) and the Pennsylvania School District Liquid Asset Fund (PSDLAF) to be held for investment purposes. These deposits are carried at fair market value, as reported by PLGIT and PSDLAF, which approximates cost.

Component Unit

The Foundation's investments are reported at fair value based on quoted market prices. Adjustments to reflect increases or decreases in fair value, referred to as unrealized gains and losses, are reported in the statement of activities as a nonoperating change in the general revenues section. The cost of investments sold is determined by use of the specific identification method.

All realized and unrealized gains and losses arising from the sale or appreciation (depreciation) in fair value of investments, and all income from investments, are reported as changes in net assets without donor restrictions unless their use is restricted by explicit donor imposed stipulations, or by law.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

Inventories

General Fund inventories are comprised of art supplies, auto parts, custodial supplies, fuel oil and school opening supplies, specifically acquired for use in the subsequent fiscal year. These supplies are delivered to schools and other locations prior to the end of the fiscal year but are recognized as expenditures in the following fiscal year.

Enterprise fund inventories consisting of food service inventories include food commodities donated by the federal government, which are valued at an estimated market value. All other food or supply inventories are valued at last unit cost in accordance with the recommendations of the Food and Nutrition Service of the Department of Agriculture and are expensed as used.

Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets used by the Enterprise Fund are reported both in the business-type activities of the government-wide statement of net position and in the fund financial statements; capital assets used by the Internal Service Funds are reported in the governmental activities of the government-wide statement of net position and in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets (including right-to-use lease assets) are stated at cost or estimated cost, net of accumulated depreciation. Donated capital assets are reported at their acquisition value at date of receipt. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

All capital assets (including right-to-use lease assets), except land and construction in progress, are depreciated. Construction in progress costs are accumulated until the project is complete and placed in service. At that time, the costs are transferred to the appropriate asset class and depreciation begins.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities		
Land improvements	15 - 20 years	N/A		
Buildings and improvements	20 - 40 years	N/A		
Furniture and equipment (including right-to-use assets)	5 - 20 years	5 - 15 years		

The District does not have any infrastructure capital assets.

Assets Held for Capital Projects

Assets held for capital projects represent unspent funds from the District's various capital project funds (e.g., District contributions and unspent bond proceeds).

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets and liabilities, the District will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows (inflows) of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption (acquisition) of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow (inflow) of resources until that time.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

Compensated Absences, Vacation

The District's collective bargaining agreements with its professional and support employees specify the vacation leave policies. District employees who are required to work on a 12 month schedule are credited with vacation at rates which vary with length of service or job classification. Vacation must be taken during the year of entitlement; however, 5 to 20 days of such leave may be carried over and used by June 30 of the subsequent year. Unused vacation is nonvesting; therefore, no liability is recorded.

Compensated Absences, Early Retirement Incentive

The District offers early retirement incentive programs to teachers. A single, lump-sum payment is made to the retiree on the last working day prior to retirement. Administrators and supervisory personnel who elect to retire early are not offered early retirement incentives. Administrative and supervisory personnel who elect to retire early are instead entitled to post-retirement healthcare benefits and continuation of life insurance coverage. Life insurance coverage is extended for 15 years, or until the retiree reaches 70 years of age, whichever occurs first.

Sick Leave and Personal Leave

Most District employees are credited annually with 10 sick days, one personal day and two emergency days. Unused sick leave is accumulated from year to year, without limitation. However, accumulation of this item is limited to a maximum of 200 days of sick leave upon retirement.

Leases

The District leases certain vehicles from other entities and therefore is a leasee under the terms of these arrangements. As a leasee, the District reports a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use asset (known as the lease asset) on its government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, where applicable. In the governmental fund financial statements, the District recognizes proceeds from extended term financing and a capital outlay at the initiation of the lease, and an outflow of resources as lease payments are made during the lease term.

Pension

The District provides eligible employees with retirement benefits through the Public School Employer's Retirement System (PSERS), a governmental cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. PSERS was established as of July 18, 1917, under the provisions of Public Law 1043, No. 343.

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of PSERS and additions to/deductions from PSERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PSERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

The District provides eligible employees with postretirement health insurance premium assistance through PSERS, a governmental cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. In addition, the District also provides eligible employees with medical, prescription drug and life insurance after retirement through the District's postemployment benefits plan, a single employer defined benefit OPEB plan.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the PSERS Health Insurance Premium Assistance Program (PSERS OPEB Plan) and the Williamsport Area School District Other Postemployment Benefits Plan (the Williamsport OPEB Plan) and additions to/deductions from the PSERS OPEB and the Williamsport OPEB plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PSERS and the Williamsport OPEB Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

Governmental Fund Balance Classifications/Policies and Procedures

GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, the District classifies its governmental fund balances as follows:

- Nonspendable includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because it is not
 in spendable form or because of legal or contractual constraints, such as inventory
- Restricted includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes which
 are externally imposed by providers, such as creditors or amounts constrained due to
 constitutional provisions or enabling legislation
- Committed includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that
 are internally imposed by the District's "highest level of decision making authority" which do
 not lapse at year-end
 - The School Board of the District is its highest level of decision-making authority and commits funds through a formal board motion
- Assigned includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the District
 - The School Board of the District authorized the District Business Administrator to assign funds to specific purposes
 - The School Board passed a board motion authorizing assignments for activities as contemplated by the Board
- Unassigned includes positive fund balance within the General Fund which has not been classified within the above mentioned categories and negative fund balances in other governmental funds

In governmental funds when an expenditure is incurred that can be paid using either restricted or unrestricted resources, the District's policy is generally to first apply the expenditure toward restricted fund balance and then to unrestricted resources. When an expenditure is incurred that can be paid using either committed, assigned or unassigned amounts, the District's policy is to use committed resources, then to use assigned resources, then to use unassigned resources.

Eliminations and Internal Balances

Transactions and balances between governmental activities have been eliminated in the government-wide financial statements. Residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities are labeled "internal balances" on the statement of net position.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

New Accounting Pronouncement

The District adopted GASB Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*, for the year ended June 30, 2023. This Statement defines a subscription-based information technology arrangement (SBITA) as a contract that conveys control of the right to use another party's information technology software, alone or in combination with tangible capital assets, as specified in the contract for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. The Statement requires the recognition of a right-to-use subscription asset - an intangible asset - and a corresponding subscription liability. The amortization of the subscription asset is then recognized as an outflow of resources over the subscription term. The adoption of this statement did not have a significant impact on the District's financial statements for 2023, as the District was not involved in any material SBITAs during fiscal 2023.

2. Joint Ventures

The District and other surrounding educational agencies created a joint venture, the Lycoming County Insurance Consortium Pooled Trust (the Trust). The District self-insures through the Trust for certain health care benefits it provides to current and former employees. The Trust has purchased an excess policy which covers employee health benefit claims in excess of \$375,000. Claims are recognized as an expense when paid (cash basis), which management believes is not materially different from the accrual basis for the year ended June 30, 2023. The District made payments for health care benefit claims approximating \$8,295,000 to the Trust during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. Audited financial statements of the Trust are available in the District's Business Office.

3. Deposits With Financial Institutions and Investments

Primary Government

The District's investment policy was established pursuant to the Public School Code of 1949, Section 440.1, which permits monies to be invested in: U.S. Treasury bills, short-term obligations of the U.S. government or its agencies or instrumentalities, savings or time accounts, or share accounts of institutions insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or National Credit Union Share Insurance Fund (NCUSIF) to the extent that such accounts are so insured, and, for any amounts above the insured maximum provided that the approved collateral as provided by law therefore shall be pledged by the depository; obligations of the United States of America or any of its agencies or instrumentalities backed by the full faith and credit of the United States of America, and; the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania or any of its agencies or instrumentalities backed by the full faith and credit of the political subdivision. At June 30, 2023, the District's cash and cash equivalents and restricted assets include deposits with local financial institutions, PLGIT and PSDLAF and various petty cash balances, \$2,500, held throughout the District.

Investments, Primary Government

The following table provides a summary, by fund, of the District's investments at June 30, 2023:

Investments	General Fund	Capital Projects	Food Service	Debt Service	EIT Fund	Total
U.S. Treasury Bonds PLGIT Money Market PSDLAF	\$ - 26,316,518 5,951,525	\$ - 20,278,679 -	\$ - 2,529,791 -	\$ 29,110,399 - -	\$ - 2,044,658 -	\$ 29,110,399 51,169,646 5,951,525
Total	\$ 32,268,043	\$ 20,278,679	\$ 2,529,791	\$ 29,110,399	\$ 2,044,658	\$ 86,231,570

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by GAAP. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The District has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2023:

• U.S. Treasury securities totaling \$29,110,399 are valued at fair value based upon quoted prices for similar securities. (Level 2).

PLGIT is a common law trust organized to provide Pennsylvania local governments with a convenient method of pooling their cash for temporary investment. PLGIT functions similarly to a money market fund, seeking to maintain a net asset value of \$1 per share. Participants purchase "shares" in PLGIT, which invests the proceeds in obligations of the United States Government, its agencies or instrumentalities; obligations of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, its agencies, instrumentalities or political subdivisions; and deposits in savings accounts, time deposits or share accounts of institutions insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation to the extent that such accounts are so insured, and for any amounts above the insured maximum, provided that approved collateral as provided by law is pledged by the depository. Shares may be withdrawn at any time in any amount, with no liquidity fees or redemption gates. PLGIT/PLGIT PLUS have received an "AAAm" rating from Standard & Poor's, an independent credit rating agency. At June 30, 2023, the carrying amount and bank balance of the District's deposits with PLGIT was \$51,169,646.

PSDLAF is a common law trust organized to provide Pennsylvania school districts with a convenient method of pooling their cash for temporary investment. Assets with PSDLAF are invested in accordance with Title 24 of the Pennsylvania Statutes Article 4, Section 440.1 (2001). Each participant owns shares of PSDLAF, which invests the pooled assets. Such assets are not considered deposits pursuant to GASB Nos. 3 and 40, and as such are not subject to custodial credit risk. Due to the short-term nature and liquidity of the investments held within these pools, the fair value of the underlying investments approximates amortized cost. Shares with PSDLAF may be withdrawn at any time in any amount, with no liquidity fees or redemption gates. At June 30, 2023, the carrying amount and bank balance of the District's deposits with PSDLAF was \$5,951,525.

The District places no limits on the amount it may invest in any one issuer.

GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures*, requires disclosures related to the following deposit and investment risks; credit risk, custodial credit risk, concentration of credit risk, interest rate risk and foreign currency risk.

The following is a description of the District's deposit and investment risks.

Deposits

Custodial Credit Risk - Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District will not recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District does not have a formal deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2023, the carrying amount of the District's deposits with local financial institutions was \$7,884,868 and the bank balance was \$9,442,660. Of the bank balance, \$9,149,488 was exposed to custodial credit risk, as these deposits were not covered by depository insurance. Rather, these deposits were collateralized by the financial institution via a pool of pledged securities.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

Investments

As of June 30, 2023, the District had the following investments:

Investment	Maturities	 air Value	
PLGIT U.S. treasury securities PSDLAF	N/A Average of 5 years N/A	\$ 51,169,646 29,110,399 5,951,425	
Total		\$ 86,231,470	

Credit Ratings

The District's investments had the following credit ratings:

Investment	Credit Rating	<u>Percentage</u>
PLGIT	AAAm	59.3 %
U.S. treasury securities	N/A	33.8
PSDLAF	N/A	6.9

Interest Rate Risk

The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Custodial Credit Risk

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At June 30, 2023, all of the District's investments, outside of PLGIT and PSDLAF, were held by Wells Fargo, and were insured by SIPC up to \$500,000 per account.

Component Unit

The carrying values of the Foundation's investments are summarized by investment type as follows:

Equity based mutual funds	\$ 1,133,883
Fixed income based mutual funds	797,042
Alternative mutual funds	179,753
U.S. government bonds and notes	 19,200
Total	\$ 2,129,878

The Foundation carries its investments at fair value. Mutual funds totaling \$2,110,678 are carried at fair value based upon quoted prices in active markets for identical assets (Level 1). Corporate and U.S. government debt securities totaling \$19,200 are carried at fair value based upon quoted prices for similar securities (Level 2). For the year ended June 30, 2023, unrestricted investment income totaled \$191,826, including interest and dividends of \$62,818 and net realized and unrealized securities loss of \$129,008.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

4. Property Taxes

The District's tax rate for the year ended June 30, 2023 was 17.24 mills (\$17.24 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation) as levied by the Board of School Directors. The Board of School Directors also levies real estate transfer tax, earned income tax and net profits tax. The tax rates under Act 511 are 0.5% of each real estate transaction in the District and 2% of all income earned by the residents of the District. The schedule for real estate taxes levied for each fiscal year is as follows:

July 1Levy DateJuly 1 - August 312% Discount PeriodSeptember 1 - October 31Face Payment PeriodNovember 1 - June 3010% Penalty PeriodJune 30Lien Date

Estimated collectible delinquent real estate taxes at June 30, 2023 were as follows:

Outstanding	Estimated	Estimated
Balance	Uncollectible	Collectible
\$ 2,173,914	\$ 176,223	\$ 1,997,691

Taxes receivable, net, on the statement of net position also includes \$1,132,635 of earned income and transfer taxes receivable, in addition to the real estate taxes receivable shown above.

Tax Abatement Programs

The District provides property tax abatements under certain programs: the Local Economic Revitalization Tax Assistance Program (LERTA) and the Clean and Green Program.

The LERTA provides property tax abatements to provide a tax break to new commercial properties in certain sections of the District for five years as a way to stimulate business and economic growth. The abatements apply to the assessed value of improvements to a property. For the first year, 100% of the improvements are abated, subsequent years are reduced by 20% each year in the five year period.

The Clean and Green Program is a preferential tax assessment program that bases property taxes on use values rather than fair market values. This ordinarily results in a tax savings for landowners. The Pennsylvania General Assembly enacted the program in 1974 as a tool to encourage protection of the Commonwealth's valuable farmland, forestland and open spaces. A property must be ten acres in size and in Agricultural Use, Agricultural Reserve or Forest Reserve. Agricultural Use applications may be less than ten acres in size if the property is capable of generating at least \$2,000 annually in farm income.

Information relevant to the disclosure of these programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, is as follows:

Tax Abatement Program	Tax	Amount of Taxes Abated During Fiscal 2023			
LERTA Program Clean and Green Program	\$	9,171 326,021			
Total	\$	335,192			

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

5. Due From Other Governments

Due from other governments at June 30, 2023 is summarized below:

	 Federal		State	 Local	 Total		
General Fund Food Service Internal Service Fund	\$ 4,505,817 80,921 -	\$	4,683,334 3,859 11,162	\$ 771,250 - -	\$ 9,960,401 84,780 11,162		
Total	\$ 4,586,738	\$	4,698,355	\$ 771,250	\$ 10,056,343		

The amount due from local governments consists of IDEA revenues (federal funding passed through the local intermediate unit) earned during fiscal 2023 that had yet to be provided to the District at June 30, 2023 (General Fund). State sources receivables consist of basic, vocational and transportation subsidies as well as social security/retirement and rental sinking fund reimbursements due from the Pennsylvania Department of Education (PDE). Federal source receivables consist of federal programs passed through PDE, wherein the District incurred related expenditures prior to June 30, 2023, but had yet to be reimbursed at year-end. In addition to the above, the District's governmental activities includes a \$1,044,600 federal subsidy receivable on accrued interest payable on the District's federally subsidized Qualified School Construction Bonds.

6. Capital Assets

The changes in the District's capital assets in 2023 are summarized as follows:

	Bala July 1		Additions		Disposals			Transfers	Balance, June 30, 2023	
Governmental Activities Capital assets not being depreciated:										
Construction in process	\$ 5	49,666	\$	7,748,214	\$	-	\$	(359,658)	\$	7,938,222
Land	4	62,037						-		462,037
Total nondepreciable	4.0	44 700		7 740 044				(050,050)		0.400.050
assets	1,0	11,703	_	7,748,214			_	(359,658)		8,400,259
Land improvements	12,2	10,089		-		-		175,899		12,385,988
Buildings and improvements Furniture and equipment	152,9	82,881		39,311		(3,363)		158,559		153,177,388
(including leased assets)	35,0	47,898		2,298,154		(1,114,087)		25,200		36,257,165
Total depreciable capital assets	200,2	40,868		2,337,465		(1,117,450)		359,658		201,820,541
Less accumulated depreciation	(106,7	05,481)		(6,145,257)		1,094,372			(111,756,366)
Total depreciable capital assets, net	93,5	35,387		(3,807,792)		(23,078)		359,658		90,064,175
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 94,5	47,090	\$	3,940,422	\$	(23,078)	\$		\$	98,464,434

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

	J	Balance, uly 1, 2022	 Additions	Disposals	 Transfers	Ju	Balance, une 30, 2023
Business-Type Activity Furniture and equipment	\$	2,229,955	\$ -	\$ (78,594)	\$ -	\$	2,151,361
Less accumulated depreciation		(1,900,987)	 (40,242)	 78,594	 		(1,862,635)
Capital assets, net	\$	328,968	\$ (40,242)	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 	\$	288,726

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the District as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
Instruction	\$ 1,800,112
Administrative and financial support services	125,815
Operation and maintenance of plant services	3,992,556
Instructional student support	81,255
Pupil transportation	4,520
Student activities	 140,999
Total depreciation expense for governmental activities	\$ 6,145,257
Business type activity, food service	\$ 40,242

The District had active construction projects as of June 30, 2023. Outstanding construction commitments on these projects amounted to approximately \$22,850,000 (which includes retainage payable of approximately \$467,000) at June 30, 2023.

7. Long-Term Debt

The changes in long-term debt during fiscal 2023, by debt instrument, are as follows:

	<u>J</u>	Balance, July 1, 2022		Additions	Re	Retirements		Balance, June 30, 2023		Current Portion ne 30, 2023
Series A of 2005 GON*	\$	200,000	\$	_	\$	100,000	\$	100,000	\$	100,000
Series of 2010 GON*		32,750,000		_		-		32,750,000		, -
Series of 2011 GON*		35,719,000		-		-		35,719,000		-
Series of 2017 GOB		6,050,000		-		440,000		5,610,000		455,000
Series of 2019 GOB		9,185,000		-		5,000		9,180,000		5,000
Series of 2022 GOB				9,275,000		5,000	_	9,270,000		5,000
Subtotal		83,904,000		9,275,000		550,000		92,629,000		565,000
Plus unamortized bond premium		648,870		287,350		64,819		871,401		
Total	\$	84,552,870	\$	9,562,350	\$	614,819	\$	93,500,401	\$	565,000

^{* -} represents a direct borrowing/placement.

Total interest expense paid on these Bonds and Notes in 2023 was \$4,210,570.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

In January 2005, the District issued its General Obligation Note, Series A of 2005 (direct placement), in the amount of \$12,000,000, to provide funds for the purpose of making capital improvements to its Lycoming Valley Intermediate and Hepburn-Lycoming Primary Schools, capitalize interest on the Note, and to pay the costs of issuance, and to pay the remarketing costs. The Note is due in varying annual installments plus interest at a variable rate equal to the federal funds rate plus 0.55% per annum with final maturity scheduled for August 2023.

In October 2010, the District issued its General Obligation Note Series of 2010 (direct placement), in the amount of \$32,750,000 to provide funds for the purpose of making capital improvements to the Williamsport Area Middle School and to pay the costs of issuing the Note. The Note was issued in connection with the State Public School Building Authority, Federally Taxable Revenue Bonds, Series A of 2010, Qualified School Construction Bonds, Direct Subsidy, whereby interest payments are due semi-annually at a rate of 5% which is subsidized by the Federal government at a rate of 4.48%. Bonds mature on September 15, 2027 and will be redeemed with the use of a sinking fund to which the District has contributed \$21,875,000 through June 30, 2023.

In November 2011, the District issued its General Obligation Note Series of 2011 (direct placement), in the amount of \$35,719,000 to provide funds for the purpose of making capital improvements to the Williamsport Area Middle School, the High School and to pay the costs of issuing the Note. The Note was issued in connection with the State Public School Building Authority, Federally Taxable Revenue Bonds, Series C of 2011, Qualified School Construction Bonds, Direct Subsidy, whereby interest payments are due semi-annually at a rate of 5.088% which is subsidized by the Federal government at a rate of 4.72%. Bonds mature on September 15, 2029 and will be redeemed with the use of a sinking fund to which the District has contributed \$9,380,000 through June 30, 2023.

In July 2017, the District issued its General Obligation Bonds, Series of 2017, in the amount of \$6,160,000 to partially advance refund its General Obligation Bonds, Series of 2013, and to pay the costs of issuing the Bonds. The Bonds are due in varying annual installments plus interest ranging from 2.00% to 3.00% with final maturity scheduled for August 2033.

In June 2019, the District issued its General Obligation Bonds, Series of 2019, in the amount of \$9,200,000 to pay the costs of planning, designing, acquiring, constructing, furnishing and equipping additions, renovations and improvements to its existing school buildings and grounds, including but not limited to the High School and Stevens Primary School and pay the costs of issuing the Bonds. The Bonds are due in varying annual installments plus interest ranging from 2.00% to 4.00% with final maturity scheduled for March 2036.

In July 2022, he District issued its General Obligation Bonds, Series of 2022, in the amount of \$9,275,000 to pay the costs of planning, designing, acquiring, constructing, furnishing and equipping additions, renovations and improvements to the District's existing buildings and groups, including but not limited to Lycoming Valley Intermediate School and to pay the costs of issuing and insuring the Bonds. The Bonds are due in varying semi-annual installments of principal and interest at 4.00% per annum with final maturing scheduled for March 2038.

The District's outstanding notes from direct borrowing, direct payments and outstanding balances related to General Obligation Bonds, contain provisions that if there is an event of default that materially impairs the note collateral or the District's ability to satisfy the note obligations, all the outstanding amounts become due and payable immediately. Events of default include failure to pay and principal or interest installment when due and failure by the District, to observe or perform any covenants in the agreements.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

Debt service to maturity on the General Obligation Bonds and Notes at June 30, 2023 is summarized as follows:

	Direct P	lacement	General C	Obligation						
Years Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Principal Interest		Total Debt Service	Sinking Fund Activity	Total Cash Requirements			
2024 2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 - 2033 2034 - 2038	\$ 100,000 - - - 32,750,000 35,719,000	\$ 3,455,216 3,454,883 3,454,833 3,454,883 2,636,133 2,726,074	\$ 465,000 475,000 485,000 490,000 505,000 9,655,000 11,985,000	\$ 875,086 863,211 853,411 843,461 833,002 3,690,896 1,184,300	\$ 4,895,302 4,793,094 4,793,244 4,788,344 36,724,135 51,790,970 13,169,300	\$ 4,765,000 4,985,000 5,105,000 5,230,000 (27,350,000) (23,990,000)	\$ 9,660,302 9,778,094 9,898,244 10,018,344 9,374,135 27,800,970 13,169,300			
Subtotal Sinking Funds on deposit prior to June 30, 2023	68,569,000	19,182,022	24,060,000	9,143,367	120,954,389	(31,255,000)	89,699,389			
Total	\$ 68,569,000	\$ 19,182,022	\$ 24,060,000	\$ 9,143,367	\$ 120,954,389	\$ -	\$ 120,954,389			

8. Lessee, Lease Liability

The District is obligated as a lessee under certain leases. The District's governmental activity lease activity for the year ended June 30, 2023 is as follows:

Description	Description Issue Dates		Interest Rate	 Original Amount	ne 30, 2023 Balances
Various vehicles	August 2018 - June 2022	August 2023 - June 2027	9.590 - 25.220 %	\$ 359,486	\$ 145,103

Debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Years Ending June 30	P	rincipal	lr	nterest	 Total
2024	\$	71,405	\$	21,285	\$ 92,690
2025		41,954		12,855	54,809
2026		15,120		7,570	22,690
2027		16,624		3,655	20,279
Total	\$	145,103	\$	45,365	\$ 190,468

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

9. Compensated Absences

Changes in the District's compensated absences in 2023, including early retirement incentives for the District's governmental activities and business-type activities, are summarized as follows:

				ness-Type tivities	
Balance, July 1, 2022	\$	364,338	\$	11,744	
Increase		45,378		3,985	
Decrease		(62,119)		(1,275)	
Balance, June 30, 2023	_ \$	347,597	\$	14,454	

10. Accrued Salaries and Benefits

General Fund accrued salaries and benefits in the amount of \$12,819,933 is comprised of the following: accrued salaries of \$5,138,616, accrued healthcare costs of \$941,334, the District's share of Social Security taxes of \$378,722, retirement plan expense of \$1,818,668, other accrued employee benefits of \$153,385 and the employees share of payroll deductions of \$4,389,208. These liabilities relate primarily to teachers' services rendered during the 2022-2023 school term, which were paid during July and August 2023. In addition, the District's governmental activities includes \$57,393 in accrued salaries and benefits related to the District's internal service fund.

11. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

At June 30, 2023, the District reported the following amounts in the accompanying financial statements related to participation in the Williamsport and PSERS OPEB Plans:

	 District PEB Plan	PSERS PEB Plan	Total
Deferred outflows of resources Net OPEB liability Deferred inflow of resources	\$ 3,797,599 12,922,715 9,242,492	\$ 963,491 5,134,000 1,464,736	\$ 4,761,090 18,056,715 10,707,228
	 vernmental Activities	iness-Type Activity	Total
Deferred outflows of resources Net OPEB liability Deferred inflow of resources	\$ 4,656,512 17,860,900 10,605,111	\$ 104,578 195,815 102,117	\$ 4,761,090 18,056,715 10,707,228

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

Williamsport Area School District Other Postemployment Benefits Plan

General Information, Plan Description and Benefits Provided

The District's single employer defined benefit OPEB plan, the Williamsport Area School District Other Postemployment Benefits Plan, provides certain postemployment medical, prescription drug and life insurance coverage for its administrators, teachers, confidential administrative support personnel (secretaries), support personnel and dependent spouses, with defined premium sharing requirements. In addition, if such personnel are not eligible for the District subsidy but are otherwise eligible for Act 110/43 (COBRA) benefits, the member and spouse may continue benefits by paying the full premium. Administrators must complete five years with the District, teachers must complete 25 years with PSERS and 15 years with the District, secretaries must complete 15 years with the District, and support personnel must complete 15 years with the District and retire under superannuation (age 60 with 30 years of service, age 62 with one year of service, or 35 years of service regardless of age). The cost of such coverage for retirees and spouses is primarily funded through annual appropriations from the District's General Fund. The plan is unfunded and no financial report is prepared. These benefits are accounted for in accordance with GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. The Williamsport Area School District OPEB Plan is a single employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the District. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meet the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At July 1, 2022, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	99
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefit	
payments	-
Active employees	615
Total	714

Total OPEB Liability

The District's total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2023 was \$12,922,715, which was measured as of July 1, 2022, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

Retirees' share of benefit-related costs

The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2022, using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Interest rate

4.06%
Salary increases

2.5% cost of living adjustment, 1.5% real wage growth and for teachers and administrators a merit increase which varies by age from 2.75% to 0%

Discount rate

4.06%
Healthcare cost trend rates

4.06%
6.5% in 2022, 6.0% in 2023 and 5.5% in 2024-2025.
Rates gradually decrease from 5.4% in 2026 to 3.9% in 2075 and later based on the society of Actuaries

Long-Run Medical Cost Trend Model

Retiree contributions are assumed to increase at the

same rate as the Health Care Cost Trend Rate. However, the first year trend assumption was adjusted to account for short-term rate caps

The discount rate was based on S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index at July 1, 2022.

For mortality rates, separate rates are assumed preretirement and postretirement using the rates assumed in the PSERS defined benefit pension plan actuarial valuation. Incorporated into the table are rates projected generationally by the Buck Modified 2016 projection scale to reflect mortality improvement.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	Total OPEB Liability	
Balance, July 1, 2022 Changes for the year:	\$	19,987,781
Service cost Interest		1,153,372 468.869
Changes in benefit terms Differences between expected and actual experience		22,275 (2,514,971)
Changes of assumptions		(5,129,969)
Benefit payments Net changes		(7,065,066)
Balance, June 30, 2023	\$	(7,065,066) 12,922,715
Dalatice, Julie 30, 2023	Ф	12,922,715

Changes in assumptions or other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 2.28% in 2021 to 4.06% in 2022.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (3.06%) or 1-percentage-point higher (5.06%) than the current discount rate:

	1%	1%		
	Decrease Discount Rate (3.06%) (4.06%)		(5.06%)	
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 13,799,732	\$ 12,922,715	\$ 12,093,304	

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1%	Healthcare Cost	1%	
	Decrease	Trend Rates	Increase	
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 11,760,761	\$ 12,922,715	\$ 14,277,584	

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$1,129,700. At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	0	Deferred utflows of esources	I	Deferred nflows of lesources
Changes in proportion between Governmental and Business-Type Activities Difference between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Benefit payments subsequent to the measurement date	\$	59,042 879,919 1,777,419 1,081,219	\$	59,042 3,721,452 5,461,998
Total	\$	3,797,599	\$	9,242,492

\$1,081,219 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Years ending June 30:	
2024	\$ (514,815)
2025	(514,815)
2026	(514,815)
2027	(514,815)
2028	(514,819)
Thereafter	 (3,952,033)
Total	\$ (6,526,112)

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

PSERS Health Insurance Premium Assistance Program

General Information About the PSERS Health Insurance Premium Assistance Program

PSERS provides Premium Assistance which is a governmental cost sharing, multiple-employer OPEB plan for all eligible retirees who qualify and elect to participate. Employer contribution rates for Premium Assistance are established to provide reserves in the Health Insurance Account that are sufficient for the payment of Premium Assistance benefits for each succeeding year. Effective January 1, 2002 under the provisions of Act 9 of 2001, participating eligible retirees are entitled to receive premium assistance payments equal to the lesser of \$100 per month or their out-of-pocket monthly health insurance premium. To receive premium assistance, eligible retirees must obtain their health insurance through either their school employer or the PSERS' Health Options Program (HOP). As of June 30, 2022, there were no assumed future benefit increases to participating eligible retirees.

Premium Assistance Eligibility Criteria

Retirees of PSERS can participate in the Premium Assistance program if they satisfy the following criteria:

- Have 24½ or more years of service, or
- · Are a disability retiree, or
- Have 15 or more years of service and retired after reaching superannuation age

For Class DC members to become eligible for premium assistance, they must satisfy the following criteria:

- Attain Medicare eligibility with 24 ½ or more eligibility points, or
- Have 15 or more eligibility points and terminated after age 67, and
- Have received all or part of their distributions

Employer Contributions

The District's contractually required contribution rate for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 was 0.75% of covered payroll, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the OPEB plan from the District were \$321,755 for the year ended June 30, 2023.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2023, the District reported a liability of \$5,134,000 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by rolling forward PSERS' total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2021 to June 30, 2022. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was calculated utilizing the employer's one-year reported covered payroll as it relates to the total one-year reported covered payroll. At June 30, 2023, the District's proportion was 0.2789%, which was a decrease of 0.0036% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2022.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$80,000. At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Changes in proportion between Governmental and				
Business-Type Activities	\$	10,736	\$	10,736
Difference between expected and actual experience		47,000		28,000
Changes of assumptions		570,000		1,213,000
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on				
pension plan investments		14,000		-
Changes in proportion and differences between District				
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		_		213,000
Benefit payments subsequent to the measurement date		321,755		_
Total	\$	963,491	\$	1,464,736

\$321,755 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Years ending June 30:		
2024	\$ (200,000))
2025	(147,000))
2026	(142,000))
2027	(161,000))
2028	(173,000))
Total	\$ (823,000))

Actuarial Assumptions

The Total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2022, was determined by rolling forward the System's Total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2021 to June 30, 2022 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

- Actuarial cost method, Entry Age Normal, level percent of pay
- Investment return 4.09%, S&P 20 Year Municipal Bond Rate
- Salary growth, effective average of 4.5%, comprised of inflation of 2.50% and 2.00% for real wage growth and for merit or seniority increases
- Premium Assistance reimbursement is capped at \$1,200 per year
- Assumed Healthcare cost trends were applied to retirees with less than \$1,200 in premium assistance per year
- Mortality rates were based on a blend of 50% PubT-2010 and 50% PubG-2010 Retiree
 Tables for Males and Females, adjusted to reflect PSERS' experience and projected using
 a modified version on the MP-2020 Improvement Scale:
- Participation rate:

Eligible retirees will elect to participate Pre age 65 at 50% Eligible retirees will elect to participate Post age 65 at 70%

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study that was performed for the five-year period ended June 30, 2020.

The following assumptions were used to determine the contribution rate:

- The results of the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020 determined the employer contribution rate for fiscal year 2022
- Cost method: Amount necessary to assure solvency of Premium Assistance through the third fiscal year after the valuation date
- Asset valuation method: Market value
- Participation rate: The actual data for retirees benefiting under the Plan as of June 30, 2021 was used in lieu of the 63% utilization assumption for eligible retirees
- Mortality Tables for Males and Females, adjusted to reflect PSERS' experience and projected using a modified version of the MP-2015 Mortality Improvement Scale.

Investments consist primarily of short-term assets designed to protect the principal of the plan assets. The expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using the OPEB asset allocation policy and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each asset class.

The OPEB plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested plan assets is established and may be amended by the PSERS Board. Under the program, as defined in the retirement code employer contribution rates for Premium Assistance are established to provide reserves in the Health Insurance Account that are sufficient for the payment of Premium Assistance benefits for each succeeding year.

	OPEB, Asset Class	Target Allocation	Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash		100.0 %	0.5 %
		100.0 %	

The above was the PSERS Board's adopted asset allocation policy and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2022.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the Total OPEB liability was 4.09%. Under the plan's funding policy, contributions are structured for short-term funding of Premium Assistance. The funding policy sets contribution rates necessary to assure solvency of Premium Assistance through the third fiscal year after the actuarial valuation date. The Premium Assistance account is funded to establish reserves that are sufficient for the payment of Premium Assistance benefits for each succeeding year. Due to the short-term funding policy, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was not projected to be sufficient to meet projected future benefit payments, therefore the plan is considered a "pay-as-you-go" plan. A discount rate of 4.09% which represents the S&P 20 Year Municipal Bond Rate at June 30, 2022, was applied to all projected benefit payments to measure the total OPEB liability.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

Sensitivity of PSERS Net OPEB Liability to Change in Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

Healthcare cost trends were applied to retirees receiving less than \$1,200 in annual Premium Assistance. As of June 30, 2022, retirees Premium Assistance benefits are not subject to future healthcare cost increases. The annual Premium Assistance reimbursement for qualifying retirees is capped at a maximum of \$1,200. The actual number of retirees receiving less than the \$1,200 per year cap is a small percentage of the total population and has a minimal impact on Healthcare Cost Trends as depicted below.

The following presents PSERS' net OPEB liability for June 30, 2022 calculated using current Healthcare cost trends as well as what PSERS' net OPEB liability would be if its health cost trends were 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

		Decrease	Current rend Rate	1% Increase		
PSERS Net OPEB Liability	\$	5,133,000	\$ 5,134,000	\$	5,134,000	

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability, calculated using the discount rate of 4.09%, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (3.09%) or 1-percentage-point higher (5.09%) than the current rate:

	19	1% Decrease 3.09%		Current 4.09%	1% Increase 5.09%		
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	5,806,000	\$	5,134,000	\$	4,572,000	

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about PSERS' fiduciary net position is available in PSERS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report which can be found on the System's website at www.psers.pa.gov.

12. Termination Benefits

Under the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act (COBRA), the District makes available health care benefits to eligible former employees and their dependents. Requirements are outlined by the federal government for this coverage. This program is offered up to a period of 18 months (36 months for an employee with dependents) after an employee's termination date. At June 30, 2023, there were five participants covered under COBRA.

13. Retirement Plan

As of June 30, 2023, the District reported the following amounts in the accompanying financial statements related to its participation in PSERS:

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activity	Total		
Deferred outflow of resources	\$ 18,339,119	\$ 363,085	\$ 18,702,204		
Net pension liability	121,036,829	2,514,171	123,551,000		
Deferred inflow of resources	5,475,736	283,250	5,758,986		

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

Plan Description

PSERS is a governmental cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to public school employees of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. The members eligible to participate in PSERS include all full-time public school employees, part-time hourly public school employees who render at least 500 hours of service in the school year, and part-time per diem public school employees who render at least 80 days of service in the school year in any of the reporting entities in Pennsylvania. PSERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.psers.state.pa.gov.

Benefits Provided

PSERS provides retirement, disability and death benefits. Members are eligible for monthly retirement benefits upon reaching (a) age 62 with at least one year of credited service; (b) age 60 with 30 or more years of credited service; or (c) 35 or more years of service regardless of age. Act 120 of 2010 (Act 120) preserves the benefits of existing members and introduced benefit reductions for individuals who become new members on or after July 1, 2011. Act 120 created two new membership classes, Membership Class T-E (Class T-E) and Membership Class T-F (Class T-F). To qualify for normal retirement, Class T-E and Class T-F members must work until age 65 with a minimum of three years of service or attain a total combination of age and service that is equal to or greater than 92 with a minimum of 35 years of service.

Act 5 of 2017 (Act 5) introduced a hybrid benefit with two membership classes and a separate defined contribution plan for individuals who become new members on or after July 1, 2019. Act 5 created two new hybrid membership classes, Membership Class T-G (Class T-G) and Membership Class T-H (Class T-H) and the separate defined contribution membership class, Membership Class DC (Class DC). To qualify for normal retirement, Class T-G and Class T-H members must work until age 67 with a minimum of 3 years of credited service. Class T-G may also qualify for normal retirement by attaining a total combination of age and service that is equal to or greater than 97 with a minimum of 35 years of credited service.

Benefits are generally equal to 1% or 2.5%, depending on membership class, of the member's final average salary (as defined in the Code) multiplied times the number of years of credited service. For members whose membership started prior to July 1, 2011, after completion of five years of service, a member's right to the defined benefits is vested and early retirement benefits may be elected. For class T-E and Class T-F members, the right to benefits is vested after ten years of service.

Participants are eligible for disability retirement benefits after completion of five years of credited service. Such benefits are generally equal to 2% or 2.5%, depending upon membership class, of the member's final average salary (as defined in the Code) multiplied by the number of years of credited service, but not less than one-third of such salary nor greater than the benefit the member would have had at normal retirement age. Members over normal retirement age may apply for disability benefits.

Death benefits are payable upon the death of an active member who has reached age 62 with at least one year of credited service (age 65 with at least three years of credited service for Class T-E and Class T-F members) or who has at least five years of credited service (ten years for Class T-E and Class T-F members). Such benefits are actuarially equivalent to the benefit that would have been effective if the member had retired on the day before death.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

Member Contributions

The contribution rates based on qualified member compensation for virtually all members are presented below:

Member Contribution Rates

Membership Class	Continuous Employment Since	Defined Benefit (DB) Contribution Rate	DC Contribution Rate	Total Contribution Rate
T-C	Prior to July 22, 1983	5.25 %	N/A	5.25 - 6.25 %
T-C	On or after July 22, 1983	6.25	N/A	6.25
T-D	Prior to July 22, 1983	6.50	N/A	6.50
T-D	On or after July 22, 1983	7.50	N/A	7.50
, 5	on or and cary 22, 1000	7.50% base rate with shared risk	14/7	Prior to 7/1/21: 7.50;
T-E	On or after July 1, 2011	provision 10.30% base rate with shared risk	N/A	After 7/1/21: 8.00 Prior to 7/1/21: 10.30:
T-F	On or after July 1, 2011	provision 5.50% base rate with shared risk	N/A	After 7/1/21: 10.80 Prior to 7/1/21: 8.25;
T-G	On or after July 1, 2019	provision 4.50% base rate with shared risk	2.75 %	After 7/1/21: 9.00 Prior to 7/1/21: 7.50;
T-H	On or after July 1, 2019	provision	3.00	After 7/1/21: 8.25
DC	On or after July 1, 2019	N/A	7.50	7.50 %

Shared Risk Program Summary

Membership Class	Defined Benefit (DB) Membership Class Base Rate		Minimum	Maximum
T-E	7.50 %	+/- 0.50 %	5.50 %	9.50 %
T-F	10.30	+/- 0.50	8.30	12.30
T-G	5.50	+/- 0.75	2.50	8.50
T-H	4.50	+/- 0.75	1.50	7.50

Employer Contributions

The District's contractually required contribution rate for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 was 34.31%* of covered payroll, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to PSERS from the District were \$14,719,218 for the year ended June 30, 2023.

^{*}This includes the defined contribution rate of 0.20% which is an estimated rate.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

At June 30, 2023, the District reported a liability of \$123,551,000 for the proportionate share of the PSERS net pension liability. The PSERS net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by rolling forward the PSERS total pension liability as of June 30, 2021 to June 30, 2022. The District's proportion of the PSERS net pension liability was calculated utilizing the employer's one-year reported contributions as it relates to the total one-year reported contributions. At June 30, 2023, the District's proportion was 0.2779%, which was a decrease from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2022 of 0.2818%.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized pension expense of approximately \$7,363,000. At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources			Deferred nflows of esources
Changes in proportion between Governmental and				
Business-Type Activities	\$	237,986	\$	237,986
Difference between expected and actual experience		56,000		1,069,000
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on				
pension plan investments		-		2,096,000
Change in assumptions		3,689,000		-
Changes in proportion and differences between District				
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		-		2,356,000
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date		14,719,218		
Total	\$	18,702,204	\$	5,758,986

\$14,719,218 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Years ending June 30:	
2024	\$ (758,000)
2025	(274,000)
2026	(3,669,000)
2027	2,925,000
Total	\$ (1,776,000)

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability as of June 30, 2022 (the 2022 measurement date) was determined by rolling forward the PSERS' total pension liability as of the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation to June 30, 2022 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

- Actuarial cost method, Entry Age Normal, level percent of pay.
- Investment return, 7.00%, includes inflation at 2.75%.
- Salary growth, effective average of 4.50%, comprised of inflation of 2.50% and 2.00% for real wage growth and for merit or seniority increases.
- Mortality rates were based a blend of 50% PubT-2010 and 50% PubG-2010 Retiree Tables for Males and Females, adjusted to reflect PSERS' experience and projected using a modified version on the MP-2020 Improvement Scale;
- The discount rate used to measure the Total Pension Liability was 7.00% as of June 30, 2021 and as of June 30, 2022.
- Demographic and economic assumptions approved by the PSERS Board for use effective with the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation:
 - Salary growth rate decreased from 5.00% to 4.50%.
 - Real wage growth and merit or seniority increases (components for salary growth) - decreased from 2.75% and 2.25% to 2.50% and 2.00%, respectively.
 - Mortality rates Previously based on the RP-2014 Mortality tables for Males and Females, adjusted to reflect PSERS' experience and projected using a modified version of the MP-2015 Mortality Improvement Scale. Effective with the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation, mortality rates are based on a blend of 50% PubT-2010 and 50% PubG-2010 Retiree Tables for Males and Females, adjusted to reflect PSERS' experience and projected using a modified version on the MP-2020 Improvement Scale.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study that was performed for the five-year period ended June 30, 2020.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The pension plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested plan assets is established and may be amended by the Board. Plan assets are managed with a long-term objective of achieving and maintaining a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the pension.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Global public equity	28.0 %	5.3 %
Private equity	12.0	8.0
Fixed income	33.0	2.3
Commodities	9.0	2.3
Infrastructure/MLPs	9.0	5.4
Real estate	11.0	4.6
Absolute Return	6.0	3.5
Cash	3.0	0.5
Leverage	(11.0)	0.5
	100.0 %	

The above was the PSERS Board's adopted asset allocation policy and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2022.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability, calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.00%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.00%)	Current Discount Rate (7.00%)	1% Increase (8.00%)		
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 159,804,000	\$ 123,551,000	\$ 92,985,000		

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about PSERS' fiduciary net position is available in PSERS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report which can be found on the System's website at www.psers.pa.gov.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

14. Internal Balances/Interfund Balances and Transfers

Throughout the course of the year, various interfund activities result in amounts due to and from other funds. These amounts, which represent short-term borrowings that are expected to be repaid within the next fiscal year, consisted of the following:

	In <u>Re</u>	 Interfund Payable		
General Fund Student Activities Fund (non-major) Food Service Fund Internal Service Fund	\$	58,555 1,659 - -	\$ 1,659 26 559 57,970	
Total	_ \$	60,214	\$ 60,214	

The following summarizes the interfund transfers in 2023:

	T	ransfers In	Transfers Out		
General Fund: Food Service Fund Debt Service Fund Capital Projects Fund	\$	- - -	\$	6,686 8,742,361 7,500,000	
Capital Projects Fund: General Fund Debt Service Fund		7,500,000 9,323,518		- -	
Food Service Fund: General Fund		6,686		-	
Debt Service Fund: General Fund Capital Projects Fund		8,742,361 -		- 9,323,518	
Total	\$	25,572,565	\$	25,572,565	

The General Fund transferred \$8,742,361 to the Debt Service Fund to cover required debt service payments and \$7,500,000 to the Capital Projects fund for building renovations and future capital projects. The Debt Service Fund transferred \$9,232,518, the net proceeds of the District's General Obligation Bond, Series of 2022 to the Capital Projects Fund for building renovations and capital projects.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

15. Fund Balance Classifications

The District presents its governmental fund balances by level of constraint in the aggregate on its balance sheet - governmental funds. The individual specific purposes of each constraint are presented below:

		General Fund		Capital Projects Fund		Debt Service	(1	Student Activity Nonmajor)		Total
Nonspendable for inventories	\$	304,348	\$		\$	_	\$	_	\$	304,348
•	=	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	=		=		=		=	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Restricted for capital projects	•	450 500	•	10 175 000	•	00 100 751	•	70.405	•	10 500 170
and other	\$	150,562	\$	19,175,668	\$	29,123,754	\$	79,195	\$	48,529,179
Committed for:										
Capital projects	\$	25,000	\$	-	\$	_	\$	_	\$	25,000
Future PSERS rate increases	*	5,380,184	*	-	•	-	*	-	*	5,380,184
Total	\$	5,405,184	\$		\$		\$		\$	5,405,184
	-					_	<u> </u>			
Assigned for:										
Athletic facility	\$	3,000,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,000,000
Capital projects		7,500,000		-		-		-		7,500,000
COVID pandemic		1,000,000		-		-		-		1,000,000
Cochran Windows		1,000,000		-		-		-		1,000,000
Encumbrances		125,000		-		-		-		125,000
Health insurance		500,000		-		-		-		500,000
OPEB costs		500,000		-		-		-		500,000
Technology		650,000				-				650,000
Tatal	•	44.075.000	•		•		Φ.		•	44.075.000
Total	\$	14,275,000	\$		\$	-	\$		\$	14,275,000

16. Significant Group Concentrations of Credit Risk

The District's operations are located in the County of Lycoming, Pennsylvania. Its service area is located within the geographic bounds of the District. The District assesses taxpayers, within its service area, based upon taxing powers at its disposal. The ability of each of the District's taxpayers to honor their assessed obligations to the District is dependent upon economic and other factors affecting the taxpayers.

17. Contingencies

The District participates in both state and federally assisted grant programs. These programs are subject to program compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. The District is potentially liable for any expenditure which may be disallowed pursuant to the terms of these grant programs. Management is not aware of any material items of noncompliance that may result in the disallowance of program expenditures.

The District is involved, from time to time, in various legal actions. In the opinion of the District, these matters are either adequately covered by insurance or will not have a material effect on the District's financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

18. Non Monetary Transactions

The District receives USDA donated commodities in the Food Service Fund. These donated commodities are valued at an estimated market value and recognized as federal revenue with unused commodities recorded as inventory. The total food commodities recognized as revenue in connection with this program for fiscal year 2023 totaled \$158,277.

19. Transactions With Other LEAs

The District is a member of B.L.a.S.T. Intermediate Unit 17. Through the membership, the District is able to secure various special services, including special education.

20. Effect of New Accounting Standards on Current-Period Financial Statements

The (GASB) has approved the following:

Statement No. 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates

Statement No. 94, Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements

Statement No. 99, Omnibus 2022

Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections

Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences

District management is in the process of evaluating these standards. When they become effective, application of these standards may restate portions of these financial statements.

21. Subsequent Events

In August 2023, the District entered into an agreement of sale for the former Stevens Elementary School building and property in the amount of \$850,000.

In October 2023, the District issued its General Obligation Bonds, Series of 2023, in the maximum principal amount of \$6,560,000, to pay the costs of planning, designing, acquiring, constructing, furnishing and equipping additions, renovations and improvements to the District's existing buildings and grounds, including but not limited to Lycoming Valley Intermediate School and to pay the costs of issuing and insuring the bonds. The Bonds are due in varying annual installments of principal plus semi-annual installments of interest at rates ranging from 4.00% to 4.45% per annum with final maturity scheduled for March 2038.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the PSERS Net Pension Liability Years Ended June 30 (Unaudited)

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability District's proportionate share of the net pension liability District's covered-employee payroll	0.2779% \$ 123,551,000 \$ 41,744,804	0.2818% \$ 115,698,000 \$ 40,048,711	0.2840% \$ 139,839,000 \$ 39,993,760	0.2880% \$ 134,734,000 \$ 39,715,158	0.2894% \$ 138,926,000 \$ 38,970,392	0.2981% \$ 147,227,000 \$ 39,690,189	0.3015% \$ 149,414,000 \$ 39,048,071	0.2983% \$ 129,209,000 \$ 38,381,067	0.3000% \$ 118,742,000 \$ 37,327,195
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll PSERS plan fiduciary net position as a percentage	295.97%	288.89%	349.65%	339.25%	356.49%	370.94%	382.64%	336.65%	336.65%
of the total pension liability	61.34%	63.67%	54.32%	55.66%	54.00%	51.84%	50.14%	54.36%	57.24%

The District adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27, for the year ended June 30, 2015 to conform with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Therefore, information for years prior to 2015 is not available for reporting.

Schedule of the District's PSERS Pension Contributions Years Ended June 30 (Unaudited)

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually	\$ 14,719,218	\$ 13,979,186	\$ 13,460,070	\$ 13,284,720	\$ 12,704,348	\$ 12,597,666	\$ 11,402,037	\$ 9,595,267	\$ 7,652,075
required contribution	(14,719,218)	(13,979,186)	(13,460,070)	(13,284,720)	(12,704,348)	(12,597,666)	(11,402,037)	(9,595,267)	(7,652,075)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
District's covered-employee payroll Contributions as a percentage of	\$ 41,744,804	\$ 40,048,711	\$ 39,993,760	\$ 39,715,158	\$ 38,970,392	\$ 39,690,189	\$ 39,048,071	\$ 38,381,067	\$ 37,327,195
covered-employee payroll	35.26%	34.91%	33.66%	33.45%	32.60%	31.74%	29.20%	25.00%	20.50%

The District adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27, for the year ended June 30, 2015 to conform with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Therefore, information for years prior to 2015 is not available for reporting.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the PSERS OPEB Liability Years Ended June 30 (Unaudited)

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	_	2018	 2017
District's proportion of the OPEB liability	0.2789%	0.2825%	0.2849%	0.2880%	0.2894%		0.2981%	0.3015%
District's proportionate share of the OPEB liability	\$ 5,134,000	\$ 6,696,000	\$ 6,156,000	\$ 6,125,000	\$ 6,034,000	\$	6,074,000	\$ 6,494,000
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 41,744,804	\$ 40,048,711	\$ 39,993,760	\$ 39,715,158	\$ 38,970,392	\$	39,690,189	\$ 39,048,071
District's proportionate share of the OPEB liability								
as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	12.30%	16.72%	15.39%	15.42%	15.48%		15.30%	16.63%
PSERS OPEB plan net position as a percentage of								
the total OPEB liability	6.86%	5.30%	5.69%	5.56%	5.56%		5.73%	5.47%

The District adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 45,* for the year ended June 30, 2018 to conform with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Therefore, information for years prior to 2017 is not available for reporting.

Schedule of the District's PSERS OPEB Contributions Years Ended June 30 (Unaudited)

	2023	2022	2021	2020		2019	 2018	2017
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually	\$ 321,755	\$ 329,019	\$ 329,373	\$ 333,607	\$	323,454	\$ 329,429	\$ 324,099
required contribution	 (321,755)	(329,019)	(329,373)	 (333,607)	_	(323,454)	(329,429)	 (324,099)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$		\$ 	\$
District's covered-employee payroll Contributions as a percentage of	\$ 41,744,804	\$ 40,048,711	\$ 39,993,760	\$ 39,715,158	\$	38,970,392	\$ 39,690,189	\$ 39,048,071
covered-employee payroll	0.77%	0.82%	0.82%	0.84%		0.83%	0.83%	0.83%

The District adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits*Other Than Pensions - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 45, for the year ended June 30, 2018 to conform with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Therefore, information for years prior to 2017 is not available for reporting.

Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of Changes in the District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios - District Plan
Years Ended June 30
(Unaudited)

	 2023	 2022		2021	 2020	2019		 2018
Total OPEB Liability								
Service cost	\$ 1,153,372	\$ 1,164,680	\$	972,961	\$ 981,516	\$	875,671	\$ 848,701
Interest cost	468,869	384,420		672,498	603,190		575,452	442,957
Changes of benefit terms	22,275	-		-	-		1,386	-
Differences between expected								
and actual experience	(2,514,971)	-		(1,947,085)	-		1,613,184	-
Changes in assumptions	(5,129,969)	(548,366)		1,973,999	(488,499)		51,356	690,301
Benefit payments, including refunds								
of member contributions	 (1,064,642)	(1,125,918)		(1,311,932)	 (1,316,685)		(1,425,771)	 (1,398,582)
Net change in total OPEB liability	(7,065,066)	(125,184)		360,441	(220,478)		1,691,278	583,377
Total OPEB Liability, Beginning	 19,987,781	20,112,965		19,752,524	19,973,002		18,281,724	17,698,347
Total OPEB Liability, Ending	\$ 12,922,715	\$ 19,987,781	\$	20,112,965	\$ 19,752,524	\$	19,973,002	\$ 18,281,724
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 39,447,823	\$ 37,497,317	\$	37,497,317	\$ 36,410,882	\$	36,410,882	\$ 36,184,850
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	 32.76%	 53.30%		53.64%	54.25%	_	54.85%	50.52%

The District adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 45, for the year ended June 30, 2018 to conform with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Therefore, information for years prior to 2018 is not available for reporting.

Changes in Assumptions:

The discount rate was updated each year to reflect current market conditions. The rate used each year is as follows:

Discount Rate

4.06%

2.28%

3.36%

1.86%

2.98%

3.13%



Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Directors of Williamsport Area School District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented compenent unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Williamsport Area School District (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 15, 2023.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

Baker Tilly US, LLP

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Williamsport, Pennsylvania December 15, 2023



Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Directors of Williamsport Area School District

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Williamsport Area School District's (the District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design
 and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a
 test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to
 above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order
 to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal
 control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of
 expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.
 Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Williamsport, Pennsylvania

Baker Tilly US, LLP

December 15, 2023

Williamsport Area School District
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards
Year Ended June 30, 2023

Grantor/Program Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Pass- Through Grant Number	Grant Period Beginning/ Ending Date	Grant Amount	Total Received for the Year	Accrued (Deferred) Revenue 7/1/2022	Revenue Recognized	Total Federal Expenditures	Accrued (Deferred) Revenue 6/30/2023	Passed Through to Subrecipients
U.S. Department of Education										
Passed Through the Pennsylvania Department of Education:										
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	013-23-0487	7/1/22-9/30/23	\$ 2,620,205	\$ 1,206,520	\$ -	\$ 1,475,777	\$ 1,475,777	\$ 269,257	\$ -
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	013-22-0487	7/1/21-9/30/22	2,474,910	1,144,440	140,767	1,003,673	1,003,673	-	-
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	020-23-0487	7/1/22-9/30/23	297,733	178,504	_	253,357	253,357	74,853	-
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	020-22-0487	7/1/21-9/30/22	283,709	74,529	31,989	42,540	42,540	-	-
Title IV - Student Support and Academic Enrichment	84.424	144-23-0487	7/1/22-9/30/23	191,270	85,029	_	117,913	117,913	32,884	_
Title IV - Student Support and Academic Enrichment	84.424	144-22-0487	7/1/21-9/30/22	178,070	35,698	(44,710)	80,408	80,408	-	-
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to State	84.048	380-23-0085	8/19/22-6/30/23	170,394	170,394	-	170,394	170,394	-	-
Education Stabilization Funds:										
COVID 19 Elementary and Secondary School Emergency										
Relief Fund - ESSER II	84.425D	200-21-0487	3/13/20-9/30/23	8,743,995	1,423,441	(280,352)	2,278,664	2,278,664	574,871	-
COVID 19 American Rescue Plan - ARP - ESSER III	84.425U	223-21-0487	3/13/20-9/30/24	17,686,571	1,607,870	70,902	4,462,940	4,462,940	2,925,972	-
American Rescue Plan - ARP ESSER Learning Loss Set Aside	84.425U	225-21-0487	3/13/20-9/30/24	981,889	303,493	77,544	298,797	298,797	72,848	-
American Rescue Plan - ARP ESSER Summer School Set Aside	84.425U	225-21-0487	3/13/20-9/30/24	196,378	60,699	24,183	41,528	41,528	5,012	
American Rescue Plan - ARP ESSER Learning After School	04.4230	223-21-0407	3/13/20-9/30/24	190,376	00,099	24,103	41,320	41,520	3,012	-
Set Aside	84.425U	225-21-0487	3/13/20-9/30/24	196,378	60.699	22,467	34,255	34,255	(3,977)	_
American Rescue Plan - ARP ESSER Homeless Children &				,	,	,	,	,	(=,=,	
Youth	84.425W	181-21-2487	3/13/20-9/30/24	102,176	28,819	(5,240)	21,000	21,000	(13,059)	
Sub-total, Education Stabilization Fund					3,485,021	(90,496)	7,137,184	7,137,184	3,561,667	
Special Education Cluster (IDEA):										
Passed Through Lancaster/Lebanon Intermediate Unit 13:										
Special Education Grants to States	84.027	062-23-0033	7/1/22-9/30/23	50,000	-	-	42,640	42,640	42,640	-
Special Education Grants to States	84.027	062-22-0033	7/1/21-9/30/22	8,000	4,000	4,000	-	-	-	-
Passed Through BLAST Intermediate Unit #17:										
Special Education Grants to States	84.027	062-22-0-017	7/1/21-9/30/23	200,983	-	-	192,745	192,745	192,745	-
Special Education Grants to States	84.027	062-22-0-017	7/1/21-9/30/22	895,668	895,668	895,668	-	-	-	-
Special Education Grants to States	84.027	062-23-0-017	7/1/22-9/30/23	973,281	418,533	-	973,281	973,281	554,748	-
Special Education Grants to States	84.173	131-22-0-017	7/1/22-6/30/23	11,704	-	-	11,704	11,704	11,704	-
Special Education Grants to States	84.173	131-21-0-017	7/1/21-6/30/22	6,902	6,902	6,902				
Sub-total, Special Education Cluster (IDEA)					1,325,103	906,570	1,220,370	1,220,370	801,837	
Total U.S. Department of Education					7,705,238	944,120	11,501,616	11,501,616	4,740,498	
Federal Communications Commission (FCC)										
Passed through Universal Service Administrative Company (USAC)										
American Rescue Plan - Emergency Connectivity Fund (ECF)	32.009	N/A	7/1/21-6/30/23	280,085		259,656	14,283	14,283	273,939	
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services										
Passed Through the Pennsylvania Department of Public Welfare:		10/2/	7/4/00 0/00/07				=====	=====		
Medical Assistance Program/Medicaid Cluster	93.778	184344	7/1/22-6/30/23	N/A	33,001	42 547	73,793	73,793	40,792	-
Medical Assistance Program/Medicaid Cluster	93.778	184344	7/1/21-6/30/22	N/A	43,547	43,547				
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services					76,548	43,547	73,793	73,793	40,792	
										_

Williamsport Area School District Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Federal Assistance Listing	Pass- Through Grant	Grant Period Beginning/ Ending	Grant	Total Received for the	Accrued (Deferred) Revenue	Revenue	Total Federal	Accrued (Deferred) Revenue	Passed Through to
Grantor/Program Title	Number	Number	Date	Amount	Year	7/1/2022	Recognized	Expenditures	6/30/2023	Subrecipients
U.S. Department of Agriculture										
Passed Through the Pennsylvania Department of Education: Child Nutrition Cluster:										
National School Lunch Program	10.555	356	N/A	N/A	\$ -	\$ (73,020)	\$ 73,020	\$ 73,020	\$ -	\$ -
National School Lunch Program	10.555	357	N/A	N/A	129,441	-	129,441	129,441	-	-
National School Lunch Program	10.555	362	7/1/22-6/30/23	N/A	2,471,856	-	2,528,112	2,528,112	56,256	-
National School Lunch Program	10.555	362	7/1/21-6/30/22	N/A	71,435	71,435	-	-	-	-
School Breakfast Program	10.553	365	7/1/22-6/30/23	N/A	874,564	-	899,229	899,229	24,665	-
School Breakfast Program	10.553	365	7/1/21-6/30/22	N/A	26,448	26,448	-	-	-	-
Passed Through the Pennsylvania of Department of Agriculture:										
National School Lunch Program (Donated Commodities)	10.555	N/A	7/1/22-6/30/23	N/A	144,316 (a)	(19,805) (b	158,277	158,277 (c	(5,844) (d) -
Sub-total, Child Nutrition Cluster					3,718,060	5,058	3,788,079	3,788,079	75,077	
Passed Through the Pennsylvania Department of Education:										
National School Lunch Program	10.649	358	N/A	N/A	3,135		3,135	3,135		
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture					3,721,195	5,058	3,791,214	3,791,214	75,077	
Total Federal Awards					\$ 11,502,981	\$ 1,252,381	\$ 15,380,906	\$ 15,380,906	\$ 5,130,306	\$ -

FOOTNOTES:

- (a) Total amount of commodities received (b) Beginning inventory at July 1 (c) Total amount of commodities used (d) Ending inventory at June 30

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2023

1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) presents the federal award activity of the Williamsport Area School District (the District) under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2023. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a select portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position (deficit) or cash flows of the District.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting for the Child Nutrition Cluster and the modified accrual basis of accounting for all remaining programs. Under the modified accrual basis, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual, i.e., both measurable and available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures are recorded when the liability is incurred. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule, if any, represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years. Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

3. Relationship to Federal Financial Reports

Amounts reported in the accompanying Schedule agree with the amounts reported in the related federal financial reports.

4. Indirect Cost Rate

The District has not elected to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under Uniform Guidance.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2023

Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements	
Type of report the auditor issued on whether the fi statements audited were in accordance with GA	
Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	yes X no yes X none reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements no	oted?yesXno
Federal Awards	
Internal control over major federal program: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	yes X no yes X none reported
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major federal programs:	Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	e yes <u>X</u> no
Identification of major federal programs:	
Assistance Listing Number(s)	Name of Federal Program or Cluster
84.010 84.425	Title 1 COVID-19 - Education Stabilization Funds
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:	\$750,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	X _yesno
Section II - Financial Statement Findings	
None	
Section III - Federal Award Findings and Question	ed Costs
None	

Section IV - Summary Schedule of Prior Year Audit Findings

No audit findings report in the prior year.